TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL SECTION		
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT		1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS		5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
	EXHIBITS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	I	13
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	II	14
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
BALANCE SHEET	III	15
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	IV	17
PROPRIETARY FUNDS		
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	V	19
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	VI	20
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	VII	21
FIDUCIARY FUNDS		
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	VIII	22
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	IX	23
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		24
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
GENERAL FUND		
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	RSI-1	81
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	RSI-2	84

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION TRUST FUND		
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – POLICE	RSI-3A	87
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT	RSI-3B	88
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE	RSI-4A	89
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – COLOR	NOI-4A	03
VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT	RSI-4B	90
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - POLICE	RSI-5A	91
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT	RSI-5B	92
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF TH PENSION LIABILITY – TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN	E NET RSI-6	93
MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM		
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS	RSI-7	94
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	RSI-8	95
RETIREE HEALTH PLAN		
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	RSI-9	96
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS	RSI-10	97
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS	RSI-11	98
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF TH OPEB LIABILITY – TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN	E NET RSI-12	99
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDU	LES	
GENERAL FUND		
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET	A-1	102
REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR	A-2	103
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET	A-3	104
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	A-4	105
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET	B-1	107

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	B-2	111
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	C-1	116
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	C-2	117
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	C-3	118
TRUST FUNDS		
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	D-1	120
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION	D-2	121
LONG-TERM DEBT		
STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION	E	122





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Finance Town of Branford, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Branford, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Branford, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Branford, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2023 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2023.

We also previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of the Town of Branford, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The General Fund Balance Sheet for the year ended June 30, 2022, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2022 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the General Fund Balance Sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2024, on our consideration of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut August 12, 2024

This discussion and analysis of Branford's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$13,108.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$13,108 less than the \$160,820 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all the Town's programs was \$147,712. The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$56,611.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$10,760 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were \$2,908 less than budgeted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

Governmental Activities

The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works and highway, parks, recreation and libraries, health and human services, pension and insurance, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Sewer Assessment Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV)

Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI, and VII)

When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities – such as the Town's Workers' Compensation Fund, Heart and Hypertension Fund, and Medical Fund.

Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX)

The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's combined net position increased from a year ago, increasing from \$205,966 to \$219,074. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			
	2023	3	2022	
Assets: Current Assets Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Total Assets	21	4,840 \$ 0,885 5,725	145,135 212,068 357,203	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2	3,887	18,171	
Liabilities: Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	14	9,119 3,396 2,515	16,250 130,872 147,122	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2	8,023	22,286	
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13	7,717	138,099	
Restricted	4	6,049	45,933	
Unrestricted	3	5,308	21,934	
Total Net Position	\$ 21	9,074 <u>\$</u>	205,966	

The Town experienced an increase in net position of its governmental activities of 6.4% as compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – changed from \$21,934 at June 30, 2022 to \$35,308 at the end of this year.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			al
	2023			2022
Revenues:		_	·	_
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	13,216	\$	17,900
Operating Grants and Contributions		25,298		16,607
Capital Grants and Contributions		206		1,968
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes		113,032		111,168
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs		1,338		753
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		4,456		112
Other General Revenues		3,274		134
Total Revenues		160,820		148,642
Program Expenses:				
General Government		9,843		7,620
Public Safety		26,321		23,738
Public Works and Highway		16,003		14,784
Parks, Recreation and Libraries		5,127		4,899
Health and Human Services		3,292		3,576
Education		85,921		78,473
Interest Debt Service		1,205		1,639
Total Program Expenses		147,712		134,729
Increase in Net Position	\$	13,108	\$	13,913

The Town's total revenues were \$160,820 while the cost of all programs and services totaled \$147,712. An analysis, which follows, considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

The largest single component of governmental activity is the General Fund. Total revenues were \$10,760 higher than budgeted. Of this amount, \$3,560 resulted from strong current and delinquent property tax collections from prior levies that include interest and penalties. The taxes on the current levy exceeded the budget by \$2,879. The town's conservative estimate on state assistance programs resulted in a positive balance for intergovernmental revenue of \$1,417. In addition, revenues from licenses, permits and fees exceeded the budget by \$1,642 primarily due to police extra duty, town clerk fees, building permits, and ambulance revenues. Other income exceeded the budget by \$958 primarily due to cannabis receipts, proceeds from a settlement agreement, payments in lieu of taxes from the regional water authority.

Expenditures were \$2,908 less than anticipated. Specific functional areas that realized large unexpended balances include education, police and public works. Finally, unsettled union contracts, vacancies in various departments resulted in savings across various functional areas while reducing pension and Social Security requirements.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs – police, fire, public works, education, and parks and recreation – as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services			rices	
	2023		2022		2023			2022
General Government	\$	9,843	\$	7,620	\$	5,877	\$	5,792
Public Safety		26,321		23,738		23,002		17,987
Public Works and Highway		16,003		14,784		9,420		9,029
Parks, Recreation and Libraries		5,127		4,899		4,592		3,528
Health and Human Services		3,292		3,576		2,288		2,185
Education		85,921		78,473		62,609		58,094
Interest and Debt Service		1,205		1,639		1,205		1,639
Total	\$	147,712	\$	134,729	\$	108,993	\$	98,254

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet – Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$95,078, which is an increase from last year's total of \$86,099. This increase of approximately 10.4% reflects reductions in liabilities associated with bonds payable and other post-employment liabilities (OPEB).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's General Fund expenditures plus encumbrances totaled \$122,454. Unexpended appropriations in general government, public safety, public works, and pension and insurance coupled with smaller unexpended balances from other areas produced a favorable variance of \$2,908. Revenues were \$10,760 higher, which reflects reduced tax collection assumptions, favorable nontax revenue experience, conservative estimates, and higher than anticipated special education grant revenue.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$56,611 reported on Exhibit IV is comprised of four categories: Nonspendable, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Please refer to Exhibit A-1 for the complete breakdown.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2023, the Town had \$210,885 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment – Table 4. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$1,183 or (0.6%), less than last year. This decrease primarily reflects a large disposition of equipment belonging to our wastewater operations. Within the asset categories, construction in progress decreased significantly as these amounts were moved to buildings following the completion of renovations at the Walsh Intermediate School and the town's animal control facility. Despite the value of these changes, they were unable to offset the cumulative combined reductions associated with depreciation and asset dispositions.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental			
	Activities			
		2023		2022
Land	\$	17,431	\$	17,131
Intangible Assets		597		597
Land Improvements		5,581		3,738
Buildings		147,990		74,738
Machinery and Equipment		10,021		8,705
Right to Use Equipment		568		589
Construction in Progress		2,196		81,912
Infrastructure		26,501		24,658
Total	\$	210,885	\$	212,068

The Town has implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, which require the reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002.

Currently, the Town is leasing space for the public works operation while planning an upgrade to the police headquarters while contemplating a new fire station on the eastern end of town as well as upgrades to athletic. Improvements to selected sewer pump stations and improvements to the collection system are ongoing. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2023, the Town had \$77,160 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$84,370 last year – a decrease of \$7,210 or approximately (8.6) %. The Town anticipates a reduction of bonded debt through FY 23-24 as the cumulative debt retirements exceed the amount of new debt issued.

The Town's rating from Standard & Poor's remains at AAA. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this state imposed limit.

Other obligations include net pension liability, risk management claims, capital leases, accrued vacation pay, and sick leave (compensated absences). More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

As in past years, town officials remained committed to their fundamental budget guidelines as a basis for many of the budgetary decisions: maintain the current level of existing services while refraining from adding new programs; fund current and future liabilities; preserve the unassigned fund balance; continue to invest in new vehicles and equipment to ensure continued service delivery; preserve the Town's investment in its properties and buildings; and to continue to fund many capital items on a pay-as-you-go basis so as to limit the amount of outstanding debt. The town continues to use ARPA funds to enhance and supplement general fund appropriations. The town elected the standard allowance for revenue loss. This election permits the town to use these funds for what is broadly defined as "government services."

As a result of these efforts and adherence to the above guidelines, the Town adopted a General Fund budget of \$130,315,768 for 2023-2024, which represents an increase of 4% as compared to the 2022-2023 amended budget. Increased property taxes of \$3,842,446 coupled with a decrease in appropriations from fund balance of (\$1,331,800) combined with non-tax revenue will fund the increase. The Town also approved ARPA appropriations of \$2.11 million in a separate action.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Branford, P.O. Box 150, and 1019 Main Street, Branford, Connecticut 06405, or visit Branford's website at www.Branford-ct.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	GovernmentalActivities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 140,415,862
Investments	2,792,812
Receivables, Net	15,578,243
Inventory	32,752
Prepaid Items	2,192,416
Net OPEB Asset	13,827,769
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	20,223,289
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	190,662,071
Total Assets	385,725,214
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	19,275,082
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	4,141,370
Deferred Charge on Refunding	469,567
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	23,886,019
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Other Payables	11,536,819
Unearned Revenue	7,503,113
Other	78,701
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	7,691,469
Due in More Than One Year	135,704,912_
Total Liabilities	162,515,014
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	2,461,358
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	11,256,190
Lessor Receivable	109,510
Advance Property Tax Collections	14,195,497
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,022,555
NET POSITION	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	137,717,108
Restricted:	137,717,100
Capital Projects	30,688,594
Education Purposes	344,713
Housing Loans	292,044
Sewer Assessments	556,923
OPEB Assets	13,827,769
Expendable	238,067
Nonexpendable	100,730
Unrestricted	35,307,716
Total Net Position	\$ 219,073,664
Total Hot Lookion	Ψ 210,010,004

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues	S	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
General Government	\$ 9,843,262	\$ 1,526,103	\$ 2,440,077	\$ -	\$ (5,877,082)
Public Safety	26,320,657	3,146,026	172,444	-	(23,002,187)
Public Works and Highway	16,003,488	5,382,501	1,200,805	-	(9,420,182)
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	5,127,069	485,201	50,194	-	(4,591,674)
Health and Human Services	3,292,048	997,349	7,155	-	(2,287,544)
Education	85,920,636	1,678,624	21,427,015	206,310	(62,608,687)
Interest Expense	1,204,527				(1,204,527)
Total	\$ 147,711,687	\$ 13,215,804	\$ 25,297,690	\$ 206,310	(108,991,883)
	GENERAL REVE	NUES			
	Property Taxes				113,031,784
	Grants and Con	tributions Not Restr	ricted to Specific Pr	ograms	1,337,673
	Unrestricted Inv	estment Earnings			4,456,423
	Miscellaneous				3,274,025
	Total Gen	eral Revenues			122,099,905
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			13,108,022
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			205,965,642
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 219,073,664

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Inventories	\$ 82,154,713 - 5,466,395 13,199	\$ 13,284,861 2,086,065 7,535,712 5,348,585	\$ 6,917,543 - - - -	\$ 21,014,297 706,747 2,570,609 84,666 32,752	\$ 123,371,414 2,792,812 15,572,716 5,446,450 32,752
Other Assets	2,092,416				2,092,416
Total Assets	\$ 89,726,723	\$ 28,255,223	\$ 6,917,543	\$ 24,409,071	\$ 149,308,560
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and Other Payables Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Other	\$ 7,754,994 5,626,482 1,020,281 78,701	\$ 1,396,007 - - -	\$ 954,068 - 5,963,475 -	\$ 799,660 1,958,199 519,357	\$ 10,904,729 7,584,681 7,503,113 78,701
Total Liabilities	14,480,458	1,396,007	6,917,543	3,277,216	26,071,224
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Interest on	3,190,696	-	-	-	3,190,696
Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	1,249,463	-	-	- 556,923	1,249,463 556,923
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable	-	7,385,228	-	985,082	8,370,310
Unavailable Revenue - Fees Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Lessor Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable	-	- 109,510 -	-	194,446 - 292,044	194,446 109,510 292,044
Advance Property Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of	14,195,497				14,195,497
Resources	18,635,656	7,494,738	-	2,028,495	28,158,889
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	2,092,416	-	-	133,482	2,225,898
Restricted	-	19,364,478	-	10,353,579	29,718,057
Committed	343,140	-	-	8,862,145	9,205,285
Assigned	4,638,885	-	-	(0.45,0.40)	4,638,885
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	<u>49,536,168</u> 56,610,609	19,364,478		(245,846) 19,103,360	<u>49,290,322</u> 95,078,447
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 89,726,723	\$ 28,255,223	\$ 6,917,543	\$ 24,409,071	\$ 149,308,560

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$ 95,078,447
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	365,689,822
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(154,804,462)
Net Capital Assets	210,885,360
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:	0.400.000
Property Tax Receivables Greater Than 60 Days	3,190,696
Interest Receivable on Property Taxes	1,249,463
Assessments Receivable	556,923 292,044
Housing Loans Receivable School Construction Grant Receivable	8,370,310
Fees Receivable	194,446
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	19,275,082
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	4,141,370
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.	14,691,400
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net Pension Liability	(53,880,948)
Net OPEB Asset	13,827,769
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	(2,461,358)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(11,256,190)
Bonds and Notes Payable	(77,160,000)
Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	(596,887)
Compensated Absences	(4,190,085)
Lease Liability	(544,988)
Bond Premium	(2,280,257)
Deferred Charge on Refunding	469,567
Landfill	(778,500)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Net Position (Exhibit I)	\$ 219,073,664

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

DEVENUE O	General	Capital Projects	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 114,973,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,973,418
Assessments and Interest	р 114,973,410	Φ -	Ф -	ъ - 4,349,337	4,349,337
Intergovernmental	13,367,010	122,360	2,183,555	7,536,810	23,209,735
· ·	5,580,640	122,300	2, 103,333	3,091,381	8,672,021
Charges for Services Income on Investments	3,150,130	- 429,218	-	453,561	4,032,909
Miscellaneous	2,429,125	179,873	-	665,027	3,274,025
Total Revenues	139,500,323	731,451	2,183,555	16,096,116	158,511,445
	.00,000,020		_,,	. 0,000, 0	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	5.050.074		000 040	04.000	0.004.700
General Government	5,950,671	-	299,840	31,222	6,281,733
Public Safety	14,769,090	-	-	947,378	15,716,468
Public Works and Highway	6,375,144	-	-	3,757,649	10,132,793
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	3,167,284	53,271	-	652,942	3,873,497
Health and Human Services	749,516	-	-	2,310,838	3,060,354
Education	69,784,077	-	-	8,196,515	77,980,592
Pension and Insurance	14,496,825	-	-	-	14,496,825
Capital Outlay	390,711	6,611,732	1,883,715	145,846	9,032,004
Debt Service	9,348,433	-		- 10.010.000	9,348,433
Total Expenditures	125,031,751	6,665,003	2,183,555	16,042,390	149,922,699
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	14,468,572	(5,933,552)	-	53,726	8,588,746
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	854,203	4,948,232	-	2,191,813	7,994,248
Transfers Out	(6,622,535)	(110,104)	-	(1,261,609)	(7,994,248)
Lease Issuances	390,711	-	-	-	390,711
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,377,621)	4,838,128		930,204	390,711
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	9,090,951	(1,095,424)	-	983,930	8,979,457
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	47,519,658	20,459,902		18,119,430	86,098,990
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 56,610,609	\$ 19,364,478	\$ -	\$ 19,103,360	\$ 95,078,447

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

RESONALIZATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ 8,979,457
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital Outlay Depreciation/Amortization Expense	6,837,976 (6,967,114)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on	
a trade-in of capital assets.	(1,053,849)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	
Property Tax Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(1,171,199)
Property Tax Interest and Lien Revenue - Accrual Basis Change Sewer Assessment Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(770,435) 161,174
Housing Loans Receivable	-
Grant Receivable - Accrual Basis Change Fees Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	1,054,712 194,446
Change in Deferred Outflows - Pensions	6,338,363
Change in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	(514,305)
Change in pension and OPEB assets and liabilities:	
Change in Net OPEB Asset Change in Net Pension Liability	6,604,064 (20,382,461)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Bond and Note Principal Payments Proceeds From Leases Issued	7,210,000 (390,711)
Lease Liability Payments	412,314
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Compensated Absences	(533,149)
Accrued Interest	5,627
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding Amortization of Bond Premiums	(108,503) 624,468
Change in Deferred Inflows - Pensions	9,645,112
Change in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(3,961,571)
Landfill Post Closure Care	105,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	 788,606
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 13,108,022

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,044,448
Accounts Receivable	5,527
Prepaid Expenses	100,000
Due from Other Funds	2,138,231_
Total Assets	19,288,206
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Other Payables	35,203
Risk Management Claims	4,561,603
Total Liabilities	4,596,806
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 14,691,400</u>

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Contributions for Benefits	\$ 12,239,808
Total Contributions	12,239,808
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Benefit Claims	9,940,292
Claims Administration	1,934,424
Total Operating Expenses	11,874,716
OPERATING INCOME	365,092
NONOPERATING REVENUE	
Income on Investments	423,514
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	788,606
Net Position - Beginning of Year	13,902,794
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,691,400

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service
	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Operating Funds	\$ 10,363,801
Cash Payments to Providers of Benefits and Administration	(12,284,669)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,920,868)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Income on Investments	423,514
modifie on investments	420,014
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,497,354)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	18,541,802
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 17,044,448
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income	\$ 365,092
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	, ,,,,,
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	(1,876,007)
Încrease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(409,953)
	• ((
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (1,920,868)

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Sh	ustodial Fund noreline nes Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 1,121,350 66,673,554	\$	5,498 -
Total Assets	67,794,904		5,498
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable			3,250
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Pension or Retiree Benefits Held for the Shorelines Technical Crimes Group	67,794,904		- 2,248
Total Net Position	\$ 67,794,904	\$	2,248

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Custodial Fund Shoreline Crimes Fund
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 3,896,359	\$ -
Plan Members	412,730	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		12,500
Total Contributions	4,309,089	12,500
Investment Income:		
Interest and Dividends	4,578,853	
Total Additions	8,887,942	12,500
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Administration	4,430,631 -	- -
Public Safety	<u>-</u>	18,896
Total Deductions	4,430,631	18,896
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	4,457,311	(6,396)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	63,337,593	8,644
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 67,794,904	\$ 2,248

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Branford, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the statutes of the state of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Representative Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of Government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Administrative, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Recreation, Libraries, Education, and Public Improvements.

Fiduciary Component Units

The Pension and Other Postemployment (OPEB) plans were established to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits primarily to employees and their beneficiaries. Included in the Pension and OPEB Trust fund are two pension plans and one OPEB plan.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust Funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the Fiduciary component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The major sources of revenue for this fund are capital grants and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

ARPA Fund

The ARPA Fund is used to account for the ARPA grant and related activity. The Town of Branford is scheduled to receive \$8,257,021 in funding through the American Rescue Plan Act. The town is designated as a Non-Entitlement Unit (NEU) since Branford's population is under 50,000. Funding for NEU's is distributed through the State of Connecticut's Office of Policy and Management.

The US Treasury has released a series of guidelines which identify five major expenditure categories of uses. 1) Public Health, 2) Negative Economic Impacts, 3) Investments in Water and Sewer, 4) Investments in Broadband, and 5) Revenue Loss.

The town has elected the standard allowance for revenue loss up to the full allocation. The revenue loss allowance can be used to fund what is broadly defined in the regulations as "government services." These services closely align with found in the town's operating budget. The Town has established a separate fund to account for these dollars with an intent to allocate funds in a manner that mirrors the Town's budget process.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self-insured activities of the Town.

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the Branford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees and accounts for the retiree health benefits provided by the Town, which accumulates resources for retiree health insurance payments to qualified retirees.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Custodial Fund

The Custodial Fund accounts for money held on behalf of the Shoreline Crimes Group.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned, then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value, excluding Certificates of Deposit which are reported at amortized cost.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Automobile levies and amounts under \$100 are due in one installment. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	45 Years
Land Improvements	20 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 60 Years
Vehicles	6 to 12 Years
Office Equipment	7 to 10 Years
Computer Equipment	5 to 7 Years

H. Leases

<u>Lessee</u>

The Town is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The Town recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the applicable governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Leases (Continued)

Lessee (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Town determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Town uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate.
 When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Town generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed
 of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the Town is reasonably
 certain to exercise.

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from contributions subsequent to the plan measurement date, differences between actual and projected investment earnings and changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees), excluding deferred amounts related to the difference between expected and actual investment returns, which is amortized over five years.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience differences between actual and projected investment earnings or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), excluding deferred amounts related to the difference between expected and actual investment returns, which is amortized over five years. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources; property taxes, interest on property taxes, special assessments, loans receivable, school construction grants receivable, and advanced tax collections. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

J. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 225 days, depending upon the contracts in force, for each department in the Town until termination, retirement, or death, at which time payments will be made. The liability is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Payments at termination are charged to the fund through which the employees payroll charges were expensed.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

M. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

N. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Fund Equity (Continued)

Restricted Net Position – Net position is restricted because of externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Finance).

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the First Selectman.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual resulted could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

A budget for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are authorized annually by the Town. The Board of Finance recommends, and the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) approves the budget.

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the General Fund and specific Special Revenue Funds (Sewer Assessment, Water Assessment, Open Space Fund, Board of Education Program Fund, and Day Care). As required by Town Charter, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review and discuss the proposed annual Town budget no later than two weeks before the Annual Budget Meeting of the RTM. The Board of Finance then recommends and submits a formal annual appropriations budget to the RTM. The RTM must take action on the adoption of the appropriations recommended by the Board of Finance at the Annual Budget Meeting, which must be held no later than the Friday following the second Tuesday of May. Thereafter, but no later than June 1, the Board of Finance shall determine the rate of taxation for the ensuing fiscal year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the line-item level for all budgeted funds. The Board of Finance, upon the request of individual departments, offices or agencies, may approve and must recommend all transfers to the RTM. No recommended transfer by the Board of Finance shall be effective unless approved by the RTM. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town approved additional appropriations of \$837,800 from fund balance.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except for those in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Fund Deficits

The LOCIP fund, a nonmajor governmental fund had a deficit of \$245,846 at June 30, 2023, this deficit will be funded in a future year with the receipt of intergovernmental revenue.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority, or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits (Continued)

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$23,655,995 of the Town's bank balance of \$36,520,118 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

\$ 10,339,787
 13,316,208
\$ 23,655,995
\$ \$

B. Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$88,344,394. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard
	& Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the Town had the following investments:

				 Inves	stme	nt Maturities (\	ears/)
	Credit		Fair	Less				Greater
Investment Type	Rating		Value	 Than 1		1-10		Than 10
Interest-Bearing Investments:						_		
U.S. Government Securities	N/A	\$	15,419,811	\$ 10,524,937	\$	4,864,058	\$	30,816
U.S. Government Agencies	AAA		4,549,492	97,460		1,582,936		2,869,096
Municipal Bonds	A-AAA		1,148,637	-		550,620		598,017
Certificates of Deposit*	N/A		584,424	584,424		-		-
Corporate Bonds	BBB+-AAA		8,153,426	842,687		6,544,672		766,067
Subtotal			29,855,790	\$ 12,049,508	\$	13,542,286	\$	4,263,996
Police Pension Fund and								
Volunteer Firemen Pension:								
Open Ended Mutual Funds								
and Exchange Traded Funds	N/A	_	39,610,576					
Total		\$	69,466,366					

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization. N/A: Not applicable

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments (Continued)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

	June 30,	June 30, Fair Value Measurement					
	2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Investments by Fair Value Level:							
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 15,419,811	\$ -	\$ 15,419,811	\$ -			
U.S. Government Agencies	4,549,492	-	4,549,492	-			
Corporate Bonds	8,153,426	-	8,153,426	-			
Municipal Bonds	1,148,637	-	1,148,637	-			
Mutual Funds	39,610,576	39,539,094	71,482				
Total Investments by							
Fair Value Level	68,881,942	\$ 39,539,094	\$ 29,342,848	\$ -			
Investment Measured at							
Amortized Cost:							
Certificates of Deposit	584,424						
Total Investments	\$ 69,466,366						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy over pension investments that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town's policy over nonpension investments limits the dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to one year, and it limits individual maturities to five years.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one private corporation debt issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the Town had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	lonmajor nd Other Funds	Total
Receivables:				
Interest	\$ 1,249,459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,249,459
Taxes	3,374,680	-	-	3,374,680
Accounts	1,462,871	-	320,384	1,783,255
Special Assessments	_	-	144,091	144,091
Intergovernmental	107,470	7,414,939	2,111,661	9,634,070
Lessor	-	120,773	-	120,773
Gross Receivables	 6,194,480	7,535,712	2,576,136	16,306,328
Less: Allowance for				
Uncollectibles	 (728,085)	 	 	 (728,085)
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 5,466,395	\$ 7,535,712	\$ 2,576,136	\$ 15,578,243

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	0 47 400 004	Φ 000 400	•	•	A 47 400 004
Land	\$ 17,130,864	\$ 300,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,430,964
Intangible Assets	596,800	4 540 047	(04.050.500)	-	596,800
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being	81,911,768	1,542,317	(81,258,560)		2,195,525
Depreciated	99,639,432	1,842,417	(81,258,560)	-	20,223,289
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	133,010,625	686,501	77,165,811	(6,100,220)	204,762,717
Improvements Other Than Buildings	6,193,886	719,631	1,459,377	(74,338)	8,298,556
Machinery and Equipment	32,739,253	2,177,850	696,516	(1,276,227)	34,337,392
Infrastructure	94,011,756	1,020,866	1,936,856	(226,120)	96,743,358
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	265,955,520	4,604,848	81,258,560	(7,676,905)	344,142,023
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	58,271,828	3,686,323	-	(5,186,003)	56,772,148
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,455,423	334,344	-	(72,625)	2,717,142
Machinery and Equipment	24,034,284	1,475,948	-	(1,193,454)	24,316,778
Infrastructure	69,353,843	1,059,512		(170,974)	70,242,381
Total Accumulated Depreciation	154,115,378	6,556,127	-	(6,623,056)	154,048,449
Right-To-Use Lease Assets:					
Equipment	933,799	390,711	-	-	1,324,510
Less Accumulated Amortization:					
Equipment	345,026	410,987			756,013
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	112,428,915	(1,971,555)	81,258,560	(1,053,849)	190,662,071
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 212,068,347	\$ (129,138)	\$ -	\$ (1,053,849)	\$ 210,885,360

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government 175,904 \$ Public Safety 1,045,371 Public Works 2,437,294 Parks, Recreation, and Libraries 314,925 Health and Welfare 192,794 Education 2,800,826 Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense -**Governmental Activities** 6,967,114

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Active Capital Projects

The Town has active projects as of June 30, 2023. The projects include the following:

			(Cumulative			Available
Project	Appropriation		Expenditures		Encumbrances		Balance
Tabor Drive Acquisition	\$	13,875,000	\$	13,844,478	\$	-	\$ 30,522
Land Acquisition Fund		1,560,276		1,375,902		-	184,374
Pump Station Upgrades		2,500,000		2,496,380		-	3,620
Harbor Street Culvert Repairs		2,200,000		1,939,913		-	260,087
Community Center Improvements		12,115,000		12,101,257		728	13,015
Walsh Intermediate School Renovations		88,200,000		81,411,945		2,477,554	4,310,501
Linden Avenue Shoreline Stabilization		1,200,000		118,606		9,982	1,071,412
Animal Shelter Renovations		4,595,000		4,531,211		12,202	51,587
Energy Performance Contract		6,200,000		6,156,178		8,130	35,692
Indian Neck Firehouse Renovations		1,675,000		1,675,000		-	-
James Blackstone Memorial Library Renovations		5,745,000		5,689,400		490	55,110
Forcemain and Sewer Rehabilitation Projects		3,975,000		1,402,394		-	2,572,606
Main Street Reconstruction		2,750,000		327,731		320,269	2,102,000
Town Wide Drainage Improvements		500,000		50,478		12,964	436,558
Stony Creek Wharf Reconstruction		350,000		333,666		555	15,779
East Industrial Road Reconstruction		1,750,000		-			1,750,000
Police Department Headquarters Renovation		325,000		6,800		201,820	116,380

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund, interfund receivable, and payable balances at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 13,199
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	3,403,585
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,945,000
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	2,138,231
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	 84,666
Total		\$ 7,584,681

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers:

	Transfers In								
	-	General	Capital	Nonmajor	Total				
		Fund	Projects	Governmental	Transfers Out				
Transfers Out:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 4,434,232	\$ 2,188,303	\$ 6,622,535				
Capital Projects		106,594	-	3,510	110,104				
Nonmajor Governmental		747,609	514,000	-	1,261,609				
Total Transfers In	\$	854,203	\$ 4,948,232	\$ 2,191,813	\$ 7,994,248				

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	Due Withi	
	 Balance		Additions	F	Reductions		Balance	One Yea	r
Bonds Payable:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 84,370,000	\$	-	\$	7,210,000	\$	77,160,000	\$ 7,135,00	00
Bond Premiums	2,904,725		-		624,468		2,280,257		-
Total Bonds and Notes									
Payable	87,274,725		-		7,834,468		79,440,257	7,135,00	00
Landfill Closure	883,500		_		105,000		778,500	35,00	00
Net Pension Liability	33,498,487		20,382,461		-		53,880,948		-
Lease Liability	566,591		390,711		412,314		544,988	316,12	21
Compensated Absences	3,656,936		574,927		41,778		4,190,085	205,34	48
Risk Management Claims	4,991,654	_	347,601		777,652	_	4,561,603		<u>-</u>
Total Governmental									
Activities Long-Term									
Liabilities	\$ 130,871,893	\$	21,695,700	\$	9,171,212	\$	143,396,381	\$ 7,691,46	39

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A schedule of bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2023 is presented below:

	Balance July 01, 2022	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2023
General Obligation:				
School, 2.0-5.0%, Mature in 2022	\$ 157,000	\$ -	\$ 157,000	\$ -
School, 2.0-5.0%, Mature in 2032	6,040,000	-	720,000	5,320,000
School, 0.5-2.0%, Mature in 2032	9,721,000	-	49,000	9,672,000
School, 2.0-4.0%, Mature in 2038	1,340,000	-	670,000	670,000
School, 1.0-5.0%, Mature in 2038	2,925,000	-	-	2,925,000
School, 2.0-5.0%, Mature in 2039	39,000,000	-	1,585,000	37,415,000
Public Improvement Sewer, 2.0-5.0%,				
Mature in 2012	1,843,000	-	1,843,000	-
Public Improvement, 2.0-4.0%,				
Mature in 2032	3,450,000	-	320,000	3,130,000
Public Improvement Sewer, 0.5-2.0%,				
Mature in 2032	4,359,000	-	21,000	4,338,000
Public Improvement Sewer, 2.0-4.0%,				
Mature in 2038	560,000	-	280,000	280,000
Public Improvement Sewer, 1.0-5.0%,				
Mature in 2038	2,360,000	-	-	2,360,000
Public Improvement Sewer, 2.0-5.0%,				
Mature in 2039	6,000,000	-	265,000	5,735,000
Special Assessment:				
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, Mature in 2032	660,000	-	60,000	600,000
Sewer, 1.0-5.0%, Mature in 2038	2,420,000	-	1,240,000	1,180,000
Sewer, 5.0%, Mature in 2025	3,535,000			3,535,000
Total Bonds	\$ 84,370,000	\$ -	\$ 7,210,000	\$ 77,160,000

General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On November 15, 2021, the Town advance refunding \$13,250,000 of outstanding 2018 General Obligation Bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the Town has \$13,250,000 of defeased debt outstanding from this refunding and \$13,384,252 is held in escrow to pay for the future debt service on the defeased debt. This amount is removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt maturities for repayment of bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 7,135,000	\$ 1,833,645	\$ 8,968,645
2025	6,390,000	1,572,765	7,962,765
2026	5,640,000	1,400,355	7,040,355
2027	5,640,000	1,294,538	6,934,538
2028	5,930,000	1,172,788	7,102,788
2029-2033	27,250,000	3,909,245	31,159,245
2034-2038	16,175,000	1,377,514	17,552,514
2039-2040	3,000,000	77,813	3,077,813
Total	\$ 77,160,000	\$ 12,638,663	\$ 89,798,663

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

All bonds and notes are classified as general obligations of the Town.

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

		(In T	housands)	
	 Debt			
Category	 Limit	Inde	ebtedness	 Balance
General Purpose	\$ 258,059	\$	21,853	\$ 236,206
Schools	516,119		62,337	453,782
Sewers	430,099		5,580	424,519
Urban Renewal	372,752		-	372,752
Pension Deficit	 344,079			 344,079
Total	\$ 1,921,108	\$	89,770	\$ 1,831,338

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$802,851.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related including torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks but, as of July 1, 2000, has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation, heart and hypertension, and medical claims. In FY 2022-23, the Town started transitioning away from self-insurance for medical claims while retaining the risk for dental costs. The Town's claims for risks covered by insurance have not exceeded covered losses during the past three years.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report the self-insurance activity. Workers Compensated Trust Services administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town's general government and the Board of Education contribute based on estimates using historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$750,000 per employee per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

The claims liability of \$3,110,737 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2023 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claim's liability were as follows for the last two years:

		Current Year		
		Claims		
	Liability	and Changes	Claim	Liability
	July 1,	in Estimates	Payments	June 30,
2021-2022	\$ 3,192,678	\$ 190,057	\$ 619,599	\$ 2,763,136
2022-2023	2,763,136	1,085,703	738,102	3,110,737

The Heart and Hypertension Fund was established to account for the self-insured activities of the Town related to heart and hypertension claims. The claims liability of \$1,018,566 at June 30, 2023 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claim's liability are as follows:

		Current Year		
		Claims		
	Liability	and Changes	Claim	Liability
	July 1,	in Estimates	Payments	June 30,
2021-2022	\$ 1,110,718	\$ -	\$ 42,200	\$ 1,068,518
2022-2023	1,068,518	-	49,952	1,018,566

The Town created the Medical Self-Insurance Fund at the end of 2006. The fund will be used to pay claims for medical, prescription drug costs, and dental benefits. The claims liability of \$432,300 at June 30, 2023 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claim's liability are as follows:

		Current Year		
		Claims		
	Liability	and Changes	Claim	Liability
	July 1,	in Estimates	Payments	June 30,
2021-2022	\$ 807,830	\$ 12,653,740	\$ 12,301,570	\$ 1,160,000
2022-2023	1,160,000	8,854,589	9,582,289	432,300

NOTE 9 BULKY WASTE LANDFILL

The Town Landfill at the intersection of Tabor Drive and Marshall Road stopped accepting bulky waste from the Branford Transfer Station on June 29, 2012. State and federal laws and regulations require the Town of Branford to properly close and continually monitor the landfill, and each year the Town appropriates funds for these activities. Capping of the final acre of the landfill was started in FY 2012. Final cover has been applied to the total area of the landfill. In August 2015, DEEP accepted the Closure Certification Report and postclosure passive recreational use of the landfill.

The Town maintains a special fund for the closure of the landfill. The fund has a balance of \$242 after deducting the closure contract retainage of \$8,584. Associated engineering work including but not limited to the landfill gas investigation, permit compliance, construction assistance, and closure certification report has been completed. The Town is required to monitor and maintain the landfill for 30 years after closure. The estimated annual cost for this post-closure activity is \$35,000. These costs will be funded through the General Fund on an annual basis. Regulatory changes, improvements to storm water quality, landfill gas mitigation, and any other additional requirements to comply with DEEP regulations may require additional appropriations throughout the life of the landfill.

A 77-acre parcel located north of the active landfill was purchased by the Town through eminent domain in 2004. It overlays a portion of, and may be impacted by, the leachate plume originating from the landfill. Since control of the plume and of any off-site gas migration is required, environmental investigations and mitigation have begun on this property. The funds for the project on this adjoining acreage are provided by bond proceeds which are separately addressed, but not totaled in past or future closure costs below. Environmental investigations on this large parcel are not confined to the area presumed to be impacted by the landfill, so only costs directly attributable to mitigation of landfill impacts have been mentioned in past notes. Routine quarterly testing of wells on this parcel are included in the post-closure monitoring costs.

Summary of Estimated Total Cost of Remaining Closure and Postclosure Care

Final Cover, Demolition and Grading Cost	\$ 8,500
Postclosure Care Costs (22 Years):	
Inspection and Maintenance of Final Cover	
(\$8,000 Annually)	176,000
Monitoring Program, Groundwater, Methane, and	
Stormwater (\$27,000 Annually)	594,000
Total	\$ 778,500

NOTE 10 JOINT VENTURES

Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee

The Town is a participant with 13 other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC). BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of contracting municipalities in dealing with the waste-to-energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.). The governing board consists of Town officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities and assumes all the management decisions. The Town has an obligation to appropriate funds in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations created pursuant to the Intercommunity Agreement dated as of August 15, 1985. These obligations deal with guarantees to meet certain tonnage requirements. General Fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as reflected in BRRFOC's financial statements, is \$0.97 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut.

Under the Service Agreement, the service fee is an obligation of the Contracting Municipalities to which each has pledged its full faith and credit. Should any Contracting Municipality default in its obligation to pay the service fee, the other Contracting Municipalities shall have an obligation to continue to pay the aggregate service fee. If BRRFOC does not perform its obligations under the service agreement, and Ogden Corporation (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) fails to perform such obligations pursuant to its guarantee, the Contracting Municipalities have certain rights to terminate the service agreement and, upon termination, would no longer be obligated to pay the service fee.

By special legislation enacted in 2001, Special Act No. 01-10, An Act to Permit the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee to Finance Projects and Refund Previously Issued Bonds, BRRFOC is permitted to finance projects including additions, renovations or improvements to the Facility, recycling facility and similar activities required to provide solid waste and recycling services to the Contracting Municipalities. The total amount of bonds issued by BRRFOC and outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Trust Funds

A. Plan Description

The Town is the administrator of two single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers and to volunteer firefighters. The PERS are considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the two defined benefit pension plans. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

C. Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

D. Benefit Provisions

Police Employees Retirement Plan

The Town provides police retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan all sworn officers of the police department are eligible. Participants are 100% vested after five years of service. All police officers contribute 8.5% of payroll earnings excluding private duty assignments. There are two benefit tiers based on date of hire.

Tier 1 includes all Participants hired prior to August 2011. The benefit is calculated at 2.5% of the highest average salary for each year of service with a maximum benefit of 70% of the final average salary.

Tier 2 includes Participants hired after August 2011. Additionally, Participants hired after July 2005 who made a one-time election to move from Tier 1 to Tier 2 are also included. For Participants in Tier 2, the benefit is calculated at 2% for each year of service. Participants in this tier can retire at age 55 with 10 years of service.

If an employee leaves covered employment before five years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are governed by the pension agreement which is a collectively bargained contract approved by the Representative Town Meeting. The current agreement will expire in 2031.

Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan

The Town operates a Length of Service Awards Program for volunteer firefighters from date of membership to retirement date. Firefighters who were members prior to 1991 with at least 10 years of service receive credit for 5 years of service. Members are required to fulfill a variety of requirements drills, calls, classes, etc., to receive a year of credited service. Members receive a life annuity on the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the member's 65th birthday provided the member has a minimum of 10 years of service. The maximum monthly payout is \$350 per month.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

D. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan Continued)

Funding for the plan is based on the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. The unfunded liability is amortized over 30 years beginning in January 1999 and had 10 years remaining as of January 2019.

At July 1, 2021 and January 1, 2023, for the Police employee's retirement plan and the volunteer fire department pension plan (date of latest valuations), plan membership consisted of the following, respectively:

Retirement, Disabled and Beneficiaries CurrentlyEmployees Retirement PlanFire Department Pension PlanReceiving Benefits5216Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them6-Active Plan Members51228		Police	Volunteer
Retirees, Disabled and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits 52 16 Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them 6 -		Employees	Fire Department
Receiving Benefits 52 16 Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them 6 -		Retirement Plan	Pension Plan
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But Not Yet Receiving Them 6 -	Retirees, Disabled and Beneficiaries Currently		
Not Yet Receiving Them 6 -	Receiving Benefits	52	16
g	Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits But		
Active Plan Members 51 228	Not Yet Receiving Them	6	-
	Active Plan Members	51_	228
Total Participants109244	Total Participants	109	244

E. Investments

The Board of Finance revised the investment policy in 2013. The goals of the investment policy are to create a framework for a well-diversified asset mix that can be expected to generate long-term returns consistent with the Board's risk tolerance. The asset allocation decisions are derived from an asset liability analysis, which matches six years of projected payouts with fixed income securities.

The balance of the portfolio is allocated among equities, real estate and commodities. The following chart reflects the target allocations as outlined in the policy:

Police Employees Retirement Plan:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap Domestic Equity	14.50 %
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Mid Cap Domestic Equity	5.50
Small Cap Domestic Equity	5.50
Developed International Equity	12.50
Emerging Markets International Equity	8.50
U.S. Real Estate and MLP's	8.50
U.S. Investment Grade Bonds	35.50
U.S. High Yield Bonds	7.50
Cash	2.00
Total	100.00 %

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

E. Investments (Continued)

Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Large Cap Domestic Equity	14.50 %
Mid /Small Cap Domestic Equity	11.00
Developed International Equity	12.50
Emerging Markets International Equity	8.50
Core Fixed Income	35.00
High Yield Bonds	7.50
Money Market, Short Term Bonds	2.50
Real Estate (Core)	3.25
MLPs	5.25
Total	100.00 %

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, were 7.76% and 7.54% for the Police employee's retirement plan and the volunteer fire department pension plan, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

F. Deferred Retirement Option Program

The police employee's retirement plan includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). As of June 30, 2023, seven officers have elected the DROP and the DROP balance was \$888,328.

G. Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Police Employees	Volunteer Fire Department
	Retirement Plan	Pension Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 40,462,595	\$ 1,700,515
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	27,665,078	1,518,112
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,797,517	\$ 182,403
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.37 %	89.27 %

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

G. Net Pension Liability of the Town (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Police Employees Retirement Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases Scaled from 8.40% down to 2.5%

Based on Years of Service

Investment Rate of Return 6.5%, Net of Pension Plan
Investment Expense, Including

invesiment Expense, inclu

Inflation

Retirement rates were based on a scale from 20% with 25 years of service to 100% with 40 years of service. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for Public Safety employees, for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 6.5%, Net of Pension Plan

Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Police Employees Retirement Plan pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 total dataset, headcount-weighted, projected to the measurement date with Scale MP-2018. Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (B) Public Retirement Plans Headcount Weighted Mortality Tables for Safety employees, for nonannuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

G. Net Pension Liability of the Town (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following tables:

Police Employees Retirement Plan:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equity	4.50 %
Mid Cap Domestic Equity	5.00
Small Cap Domestic Equity	5.00
Developed International Equity	5.25
Emerging Markets International Equity	6.25
U.S. Real Estate and MLP's	4.50
U.S. Investment Grade Bonds	2.00
U.S. High Yield Bonds	3.25
Cash	0.25

Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equity	5.00 %
Mid /Small Cap Domestic Equity	5.30
Developed International Equity	6.40
Emerging Markets International Equity	7.70
Core Fixed Income	2.08
High Yield Bonds	4.05
Money Market, Short Term Bonds	0.05
Real Estate (Core)	4.90
MLPs	4.05

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

G. Net Pension Liability of the Town (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Police E	Employees Retirem	ent Plan
	<u> </u>	ncrease (Decrease	e)
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances - July 1, 2022	\$ 39,624,189	\$ 26,299,899	\$ 13,324,290
Changes for the Year:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Service Cost	818,505	-	818,505
Interest on Total Pension Liability	2,547,907	-	2,547,907
Difference Between Expected	, - ,		, - ,
and Actual Experience	-	_	-
Changes in Assumptions	-	_	_
Employer Contributions	-	1,424,960	(1,424,960)
Member Contributions	-	412,730	(412,730)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	-	2,055,495	(2,055,495)
Benefit Payments, Including Refund		_,000,100	(=,000,100)
to Employee Contributions	(2,528,006)	(2,528,006)	_
Net Changes	838,406	1,365,179	(526,773)
			(0=0,1.0)
Balances - June 30, 2023	\$ 40,462,595	\$ 27,665,078	\$ 12,797,517
	Volunteer F	Fire Denartment Pe	ension Plan
		Fire Department Pe	
	lı	ncrease (Decrease	e)
	Total Pension	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Total Pension Liability	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances - July 1, 2022	Total Pension Liability (a)	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances - July 1, 2022 Changes for the Year:	Total Pension Liability	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Changes for the Year:	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327
Changes for the Year: Service Cost	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182) - (87,000)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions Member Contributions	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	ncrease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions Member Contributions Net Investment Income (Loss)	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182) - (87,000)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions Member Contributions Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments, Including Refund	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347 (39,182)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893 87,000 106,918	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182) - (87,000)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions Member Contributions Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments, Including Refund to Employee Contributions Net Changes	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347 (39,182) (37,699)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893 87,000 106,918 (37,699)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182) - (87,000) - (106,918) - (101,924)
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Employer Contributions Member Contributions Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments, Including Refund to Employee Contributions	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 1,646,220 23,829 107,347 (39,182) (37,699)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,361,893 87,000 106,918 (37,699)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) \$ 284,327 23,829 107,347 (39,182) - (87,000) - (106,918)

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

G. Net Pension Liability of the Town (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, for the Police Employee Retirement Plan calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate, and for the Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrea (5.50%)	Current se Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Police Employees Retirement Plan	\$ 17,562,1	\$ 12,797,517	\$ 8,811,261
		Current	
	1% Decrea (5.50%)	se Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan	\$ 452,1	33 \$ 182,403	\$ (37,960)

H. Funding Status and Progress

Police officers are required to contribute 8.5% of base pay to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees as determined by its actuaries; the contribution rate for the current year was 6.0% of covered payroll.

The Town is required to contribute amounts to the Volunteer Fire Department pension trust fund necessary to finance the coverage of its members as determined by its actuaries.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

	Pension Trust Funds			
	Police	Volunteer	Total	
	Pension	Fire Department	Pension	
	Trust	Pension Trust	Trust	
ASSETS	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 77,627	\$ -	\$ 77,627	
Investments	27,587,451	1,518,112	29,105,563	
Total Assets	27,665,078	1,518,112	29,183,190	
	, ,	, ,		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		<u> </u>		
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Pension or				
Retiree Benefits	¢ 27.665.079	¢ 1510110	¢ 20.402.400	
Retilee beliefits	\$ 27,665,078	\$ 1,518,112	\$ 29,183,190	
Changes in Dansier Net Desition				
Changes in Pension Net Position		Danaian Trust Funda		
	Police	Pension Trust Funds Volunteer	Total	
	Pension	Fire Department	Pension	
	Trust	Pension Trust	Trust	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 1,424,960	\$ 87,000	\$ 1,511,960	
Plan Members	412,730	·	412,730	
Total Contributions	1,837,690	87,000	1,924,690	
Net Investment Income	2,055,495	106,918	2,162,413	
Not invocation, modifie	2,000,100	100,010	2,102,110	
Total Additions	3,893,185	193,918	4,087,103	
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	2,528,006	37,699	2,565,705	
NET INCREASE IN NET POSITION	1,365,179	156,219	1,521,398	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	26,299,899	1,361,893	27,661,792	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 27,665,078	\$ 1,518,112	\$ 29,183,190	

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Funds (Continued)

J. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,123,691 for the Police plan and \$68,169 for the Volunteer Fire plan. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Police Employees Retirement Plan		
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience	\$ 3,730	\$ 303,944	
Changes of Assumptions	1,213,323	59,798	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	, -,		
Earning on Pension Plan Investments	1,750,332	_	
Total	\$ 2,967,385	\$ 363,742	
	7 -,000,	7	
	Volunteer Fir	e Department	
	Pensio	on Plan	
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 134,601	
Changes of Assumptions	70,508	1,885	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earning on Pension Plan Investments	92,432	-	
Total	\$ 162,940	\$ 136,486	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Police		Volunteer	
	Er	Employees		Department
Year Ending June 30,	Retir	ement Plan	Per	nsion Plan
2024	\$	791,369	\$	23,984
2025		460,969		8,693
2026		1,317,935		49,743
2027		33,370		(7,820)
2028		-		(4,458)
Thereafter				(43,688)
Total	\$	2,603,643	\$	26,454

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

A. Plan Description

All full-time employees of the Town, except the Police Department employees, elected officials, and certified teachers and administrators, participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the state of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the state of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the state's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous active service, or 15 years of active noncontinuous aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members. Employees under the age of 55 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service.

Normal Retirement

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

If any member covered by social security retires before age 62, the member's benefit until the member reaches age 62, or a social security disability award is received, is computed as if the member is not under social security.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

B. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Disability Retirement - Service Connected

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled, and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including workers' compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Disability Retirement – Nonservice Connected

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

The plan offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

C. Contributions

Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, $2\frac{1}{4}\%$ of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base. Effective July 1, 2019, member contribution rates are set to increase by 0.5% of compensation each year for six years.

Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability, and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of CMERS not met by member contributions. In addition, there is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired member. The Town's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 19.59% of annual payroll. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$4,412,546 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports a liability of \$40,901,028 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportion was 2.97%. The increase in proportion from the prior year was 0.17%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$8,752,134. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Town Contributions After the Measurement Date	\$ 4,412,546	\$ -
Change in Proportional Share	1,458,883	562,503
Change in Assumptions	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	4,584,116	1,398,627
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Pension Plan Investments	5,689,212	
Total	\$ 16,144,757	\$ 1,961,130

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount		
2024	\$ 1,868,889		
2025	2,129,916		
2026	1,604,109		
2027	 4,168,167		
Total	\$ 9.771.081		

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement period:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.50-10.00%, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Mortality rates were based on:

- RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees.
- RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire.
- For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used.
- Future cost-of-living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.0 %	6.9 %
Public Credit	2.0	2.9
Core Fixed Income	13.0	0.4
Liquidity Fund	1.0	(0.4)
Risk Mitigation	5.0	0.1
Private Equity	15.0	11.2
Private Credit	10.0	6.2
Real Estate	10.0	6.3
Infrastructure and Natural Resources	7.0	7.7
Total	100.0 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
	 (6.00%)		(7.00%)	 (8.00%)
Town's Proportionate Share of the				
Net Pension Liability	\$ 56,556,373	\$	40,901,028	\$ 27,770,844

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension</u>

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost-sharing, multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension (Continued)

C. Contributions (Continued)

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$8,669,538 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension
Liability \$ State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension
Liability Associated With the Town 109,959,851
Total \$109,959,851

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$10,627,743 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the state.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Pension Plan
Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

• There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

 Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

		Lopng-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	20.00 %	5.40 %
Developed Market International Stock Fund	11.00	6.40
Emerging Market International Stock Fund	9.00	8.60
Core Fixed Income Fund	13.00	0.80
Private Credit	5.00	6.50
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.00	3.80
High Yield Bond Fund	3.00	3.40
Real Estate Fund	19.00	5.20
Private Equity	10.00	9.40
Alternative Investments	3.00	3.10
Liquidity Fund	2.00	(0.40)
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

E. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Police Employees Retirement Plan and the Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan.

F. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Retiree Health Plan

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Retiree Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Management of the postemployment benefits plan is vested with the Director of Finance. Policy oversight is provided by the Board of Finance, consisting of six electors who hold no other office in the government and are taxpayers in the Town. The Board members are appointed by the Board of Selectman, and no more than three members may be appointed from the same political party.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

B. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses under a single employer plan. The Retirement Benefit Program covers Town, Board of Education, Police, and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the Town's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

At July 1, 2022, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Postretirement
	Medical
	Program
Retired Members and Spouses	70
Active Plan Members	579
Total Participants	649

C. Funding Policy

The Town's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in the Retiree Benefits Trust Fund. The Town has established the trust effective July 2009 to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town has transferred the assets accumulated in a special revenue fund to the trust fund and will gradually increase future contributions to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability while maintaining a negative net OPEB liability (asset).

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits for the following groups of employees: Police, Fire, Other Municipal Employees, Board of Education certified and Board of Education noncertified. A summary of the plan provisions is as follows:

- Eligibility for benefits for Police and Fire range from 10 to 25 years of service at time of retirement determined by union contract and date of hire.
- Medical benefits for Police and Fire range from 100% cost of coverage for the retiree and 50% coverage for their spouse until the employee's death, 100% coverage for retiree only depending on date of hire and union contract.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

C. Funding Policy (Continued)

- The remaining employee groups are eligible pursuant to their bargaining unit and date of hire to purchase coverage for 100% of the cost set forth for active members within their bargaining unit. Medical benefits for the finance director are 100% cost of coverage for the retiree and 50% coverage for their spouse until the employee's death.
- Life insurance benefits are not offered.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

OPEB Benefits Plan's investment policy is established by the Town's Board of Finance who serve as trustees of the plan. The policy may also be amended by a majority vote of the Board. It is the policy of the trustees to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The primary objective of the investment policy is growth of principal while liquidity is secondary provided cash flow needs are fulfilled.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 6.77%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023. The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Town at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 24,783,945
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 38,611,714
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (13,827,769)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) 155.79%

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the Town (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 3.40%, Average, Including Inflation,

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%, Net of OPEB Plan

Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% for 2022, Decreasing 0.2%

per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.40% for 2033 and Later Years. Prior, 6.50% for 2020, Decreasing 0.2% per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.40% for 2031 and Later Years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees, Public Safety and Teachers), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the Town (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	14.50 %	5.00 %
U.S. Mid/Small Cap Equity	11.00	5.30
Developed International Equity	12.50	6.40
Emerging Markets Equity	8.50	7.70
Intermediate Corp Fixed Income	18.00	2.30
Intermediate Govt Fixed Income	18.00	1.80
High Yield Fixed Income	8.00	4.05
Cash	1.00	0.05
REITs	3.25	4.90
Commodities (MLPs)	5.25	3.30
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the Town (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net OPEB						
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)				
	(a)	(a)-(b)					
Balances - July 1, 2022	\$ 28,452,096	\$ 35,675,801	\$ (7,223,705)				
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost	773,123	-	773,123				
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	1,839,983	-	1,839,983				
Differences Between Expected							
and Actual Experience	(5,225,247)	-	(5,225,247)				
Changes of Assumption	808,916	-	808,916				
Employer Contributions	-	2,290,899	(2,290,899)				
Contributions - TRB Subsidy	-	93,500	(93,500)				
Net Investment Income (Loss)	-	2,416,440	(2,416,440)				
Benefit Payments	(1,864,926)	(1,864,926)					
Net Changes	(3,668,151)	2,935,913	(6,604,064)				
Balances - June 30, 2023	\$ 24,783,945	\$ 38,611,714	\$ (13,827,769)				

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (10,326,011)	\$ (13,827,769)	\$ (16,693,626)

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the Town (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%						
	Decrease	Decrease Trend Rates							
	(5.50%	(5.50% (6.50%				(5.50% (6.50%			
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing						
	to 3.40%)	to 4.40%)	to 5.40%)						
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (17,184,256)	\$ (13,827,769)	\$ (9,623,640)						

F. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$162,711. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience	\$	332,356	\$ 8,306,011
Changes of Assumptions		1,238,884	2,950,179
Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings			
on OPEB Plan Investments		2,570,130	 -
Total	\$	4,141,370	\$ 11,256,190

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2024	\$ (113,910)
2025	(502,092)
2026	(19,220)
2027	(1,090,024)
2028	(1,073,844)
Thereafter	 (4,315,730)
Total	\$ (7,114,820)

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

G. Trust Fund Plan Fiduciary Net Position

	Pension	Retiree	
	Trust	Benefits Trust	
400570	Funds	Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 77,627 29,105,563	\$ 1,043,723 37,567,991	\$ 1,121,350 66,673,554
Total Assets	29,183,190	38,611,714	67,794,904
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable			
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Pension or			
Retiree Benefits	\$ 29,183,190	\$ 38,611,714	\$ 67,794,904
Changes in Trust Fund Net Position	Pension	Retiree	
	Trust Funds	Benefits Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS Contributions:	1 unus	T unu	Total
Employer Plan Members	\$ 1,511,960 412,730	\$ 2,384,399 -	\$ 3,896,359 412,730
Total Contributions	1,924,690	2,384,399	4,309,089
Net Investment Income	2,162,413	2,416,440	4,578,853
Total Additions	4,087,103	4,800,839	8,887,942
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	2,565,705	1,864,926	4,430,631
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,521,398	2,935,913	4,457,311
Net Position - Beginning of Year	27,661,792	35,675,801	63,337,593
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 29,183,190	\$ 38,611,714	\$ 67,794,904

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at state schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost-sharing, multiemployer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$220 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$220 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute. A subsidy amount of \$440 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$440 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

B. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the state pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$220 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, state employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

C. Eligibility (Continued)

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and five years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The state contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The state appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the state. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut Statutes, it is assumed the state will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$122,622 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Associated with the Town	 9,629,961
Total	\$ 9,629,961

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$580,469 in Exhibit II.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Known increases until calendar year 2024

then general trend decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% by 2031

Salary Increases 3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 3.53%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, Including

nvesiment Expense, including

Inflation

Year Fund Net Position Will be Depleted 2027

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.17% to 3.53%;
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;
- The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated;
- Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and
- The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

• There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.98%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.53%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

G. Discount Rate (Continued)

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual state contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2027 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

J. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 13 FUND BALANCES

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	General Capital Fund Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total		
Fund Balances:		J				-
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 32,752	\$ 32,752
Prepaid Items	2,0	92,416		-	-	2,092,416
Permanent Fund Principal		-		-	100,730	100,730
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects		-		19,364,478	3,288,873	22,653,351
Unspent Grant Balances		-		-	6,826,639	6,826,639
Permanent Funds		-		-	238,067	238,067
Committed to:						
Public Works Lease	3	40,795		-	-	340,795
General Government		-		-	855,927	855,927
Public Safety		-		-	250,067	250,067
Public Works and Highway		-		-	3,032,078	3,032,078
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries		-		-	965,588	965,588
Health and Human Services		-		-	2,402,727	2,402,727
Education		2,345		-	1,355,758	1,358,103
Assigned to:						
Subsequent Year's Budget	3,8	32,736		-	-	3,832,736
Purchases on Order	8	806,149		-	-	806,149
Unassigned	49,5	36,168	_		(245,846)	49,290,322
Total Fund Balances	\$ 56,6	10,609	\$	19,364,478	\$ 19,103,360	\$ 95,078,447

Significant encumbrances of \$806,149, \$6,288,189, and \$1,145,627 at June 30, 2023 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund, the restricted category of the Capital Projects Funds, and the restricted and committed categories of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, respectively.

NOTE 14 LITIGATION

The Town, its officers, employees, boards, and commissions are defendants in various lawsuits. Following consultation with the Town Attorney and other attorneys advising the Town, Town officials are of the opinion that all pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Current Taxes	\$ 109,570,978	\$ 109,570,978	\$ 112,449,999	\$ 2,879,021		
Delinquent Interest	653,776	653,776	847,693	193,917		
Lien Fees	6,100	6,100	29,169	23,069		
Suspense Collections	7,100	7,100	52,058	44,958		
Delinquent Taxes	1,171,893	1,171,893	1,583,355	411,462		
Warrant Fees	300	300	867	567		
Returned Check Fees	-	-	40	40		
Motor Vehicle Fees	3,000	3,000	10,237	7,237		
Total Taxes	111,413,147	111,413,147	114,973,418	3,560,271		
Intergovernmental Revenues:						
Education Cost Sharing	2,400,000	2,400,000	3,061,068	661,068		
Special Education	475,000	475,000	618,086	143,086		
Health and Welfare	-	-	6,905	6,905		
Disability Exemption	2,000	2,000	2,490	490		
Veterans' Reimbursement - State	-	-	18,184	18,184		
Private Property Exemption	105,041	105,041	125,572	20,531		
State Property Exemption	12,155	12,155	12,155	-		
Municipal Revenue Sharing Grant	-	-	590,859	590,859		
Miscellaneous State Grants	10,000	10,000	21,874	11,874		
Miscellaneous State Grants (Emergency						
Management)	14,002	14,002	-	(14,002)		
Wild Life Refuge	3,500	3,500	3,979	479		
North Branford Probate Fees	5,500	5,500	6,443	943		
North Branford Sewer Fees	130,000	130,000	106,985	(23,015)		
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	3,157,198	3,157,198	4,574,600	1,417,402		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance Positive	
	-	Original		Final	- Actual			(Negative)	
REVENUES (CONTINUED) Licenses, Permits, and Fees:									
Building Permits	\$	600,000	\$	600.000	\$	1,024,173	\$	424,173	
Excavation Permits	·	5,000	•	5,000	·	6,210	·	1,210	
Sewer Connection Permits		-		-		154		154	
Zoning Board of Appeals		2,000		2,000		3,025		1,025	
Planning and Zoning		26,000		26,000		23,734		(2,266)	
Planning and Zoning - DEP Costs		500		500		618		` 118 [′]	
Map Copies - Building and Engineering		2,000		2,000		2,628		628	
Inland Wetlands Applications		18,000		18,000		19,694		1,694	
Inland Wetlands - DEP Application Costs		60		60		80		20	
Building Dept - Education Fee		600		600		834		234	
Transfer Station Escrow		140,558		140,558		349,711		209,153	
Trip Passes		1,500		1,500		1,536		36	
Sticker Revenue		16,000		16,000		14,954		(1,046)	
Electrical Revenue Share		17,000		17,000		18,172		1,172	
Permits and Tags - Police		4,500		4,500		3,565		(935)	
Special Wages - Police		525,000		525,000		796,260		271,260	
Fingerprinting Fees		10,000		10,000		11,583		1,583	
False Alarm Fees		4,900		4,900		3,663		(1,237)	
Pump Out Services		6,000		6,000		6,775		775	
Town Clerk Other Monies		400,000		400,000		260,380		(139,620)	
Conveyance Taxes		400,000		400,000		740,987		340,987	
Marriage Licenses - Town Portion		4,000		4,000		4,512		512	
Dog Licenses		2,000		2,000		7,635		5,635	
Ambulance Service Fees		1,725,000		1,725,000		2,262,238		537,238	
Miscellaneous Permits and Fees - Fire Services		2,000		2,000		2,970		970	
E-Commerce Revenue Share		26,000		26,000		14,549		(11,451)	
Total Licenses, Permits, and Fees	<u> </u>	3,938,618		3,938,618		5,580,640		1,642,022	
Interest Income		75,000		75,000		3,150,130		3,075,130	
Other:									
Willoughby - Wallace Library Fees		1,500		1,500		1,210		(290)	
Willoughby - Passport Fees		6,000		6,000		4,935		(1,065)	
Employee Health Insurance Co-pay		712,493		712,493		701,297		(11,196)	
In Lieu of Taxes - Telephone Access		65,000		65,000		70,581		5,581	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2023

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance	
		Original	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES (CONTINUED)		Original	_	i iliai		Aotuai	 (Negative)
Other (Continued):							
In Lieu of Taxes - SCRW	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	495,958	\$ 145,958
Leases		36,000		36,000		5,701	(30,299)
Elderly Services - NGO Revenue		-		-		250	250
Recreation Department - Building Usage		8,000		8,000		12,050	4,050
Recreation Department - Facility Usage		1,000		1,000		400	(600)
Foote Family Charitable Trust		287,500		287,500		339,500	52,000
Insurance Claims and Refunds		15,000		15,000		27,537	12,537
Miscellaneous Refunds		-		-		669	669
Miscellaneous Income		15,000		15,000		122,777	107,777
Sale of Town Property		-		-		82,731	82,731
Commerce Bank Revenue Share		5,000		5,000		8,147	3,147
Returned Check Fees		-		-		80	80
Virtual Net Metering Credits		40,000		40,000		-	(40,000)
Municipal Cannabis Sales Tax Revenue		-		-		135,508	135,508
Settlement Income		-		-		408,470	408,470
Under Liquidated Encumbrances		_		_		83,157	83,157
Total Other		1,542,493		1,542,493		2,500,958	 958,465
Total Revenues	1	20,126,456		120,126,456		130,779,746	10,653,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		747,609		747,609		854,203	106,594
Transition in		141,000		747,000		004,200	 100,004
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$ 1	20,874,065	\$	120,874,065		131,633,949	\$ 10,759,884
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues becar	use:						
State of Connecticut on-behalf pension contributions to the	e Conr	necticut State	Tea	chers'			
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.						8,669,538	
State of Connecticut on-behalf OPEB contributions to the	Conne	ecticut State T	each	ners'			
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.						122,622	
Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is recorded as							
revenue for budgetary reporting. This amount is excluded reporting purposes.	d for fir	nancial				(83,157)	
reporting purposes.						(63, 137)	
The Town does not budget for Lease Fund revenues.						11,574	
The Town budgets for bond premiums net against interest	exper	nditures.				-	
The Town does not budget for the proceeds from lease issuance 390,711							
Total Davanuas and Other Firencias Courses as Davardal	n 4l	Ctatam = == t - f					
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported o Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -			de				
(Exhibit IV)	Gover	mmemai runo	uS		\$	140,745,237	
(EATHER IV)					Ψ	1-10,1-10,201	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Pudgotos	lΛmo	unto				Variance
	-	Budgeted Original	AIIIO	Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES		Original		Tillal		Actual		ivegative)
General Government:								
Legislative	\$	18,503	\$	18,503	\$	14,414	\$	4,089
Executive	*	310,104	Ψ.	310,104	Ψ.	299,145	Ψ.	10,959
Finance		100,039		132,539		130,061		2,478
Treasurer		500,706		500,706		493,687		7,019
Assessor		465,544		465,544		386,644		78,900
Review of Assessment		14,360		14,360		11,960		2,400
Tax Collector		836,756		938,808		938,808		_
Town Clerk		275,257		275,257		255,191		20,066
Law		450,000		450,000		367,008		82,992
Labor Relations Negotiations		62,500		115,655		115,655		-
Probate Court		15,900		15,900		13,622		2,278
Elections		253,900		311,512		260,575		50,937
Planning and Zoning		370,766		370,251		339,930		30,321
Zoning Board of Appeals		9,492		10,007		9,629		378
Economic Development Commission		19,150		19,150		1,089		18,061
Inland Wetlands Commission		142,431		142,431		135,594		6,837
General Government Buildings		1,115,381		1,115,381		998,784		116,597
Cable Television		15,100		15,304		15,203		101
Information Technology		969,871		1,009,371		961,420		47,951
Human Resources		339,968		339,968		299,713		40,255
Total General Government		6,285,728		6,570,751		6,048,132		522,619
Public Safety:								
Police Service		7,154,249		7,156,864		6,659,008		497,856
Police Service - Special Detail		525,000		525,000		525,000		-
Department of Emergency Management		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
Fire Protection		7,040,778		7,266,461		7,259,882		6,579
Building Department		218,601		223,085		217,797		5,288
Total Public Safety		14,968,628		15,201,410		14,691,687		509,723
Public Works and Highways:								
Public Works		2,657,325		2,657,325		2,342,663		314,662
Sanitation and Waste		3,593,710		3,593,710		3,516,978		76,732
General Engineering		465,339		465,339		439,417		25,922
Total Public Works and Highways		6,716,374		6,716,374		6,299,058		417,316

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		,	Variance Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	 <u> </u>					<u> </u>
Recreation:						
Branford Recreation Department	\$ 1,246,360	\$	1,246,360	\$ 1,214,442	\$	31,918
Docks and Recreational Facilities	20,442		20,442	13,665		6,777
Public Celebration	35,297		35,297	31,774		3,523
Conservation Commission	 11,712		11,712	11,527		185
Total Recreation	 1,313,811		1,313,811	1,271,408		42,403
Libraries:						
James Blackstone Memorial Library	1,650,816		1,650,816	1,650,816		-
Willoughby-Wallace Library	262,891		262,891	254,808		8,083
Total Libraries	 1,913,707		1,913,707	1,905,624		8,083
Health and Welfare:						
Commission for the Elderly	451,843		451,843	388,982		62,861
East Shore District Health	 360,473		360,473	 360,473		<u>-</u> _
Total Health and Welfare	 812,316		812,316	749,455		62,861
Board of Education	60,931,374		60,931,374	60,798,502		132,872
Pension and Insurance:						
Pension and Contributions	6,515,795		6,515,795	5,707,203		808,592
Employee Group Insurance	6,429,059		6,429,059	6,429,057		2
Municipal Insurance	2,456,858		2,456,858	2,360,566		96,292
Contingency	 995,824		307,439	 		307,439
Total Pension and Insurance	16,397,536		15,709,151	 14,496,826		1,212,325
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	7,210,000		7,210,000	7,210,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 2,138,436		2,138,436	2,138,433		3
Total Debt Service	 9,348,436		9,348,436	 9,348,433		3
Total Expenditures	118,687,910		118,517,330	115,609,125		2,908,205

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT **GENERAL FUND** SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Variance Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	 (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers to Other Funds:					
Special Revenue Fund:					
Animal Control Fund	\$ 207,785	\$	212,365	\$ 212,365	\$ -
Special Programs Fund:	-		200,000	200,000	-
Sewer Utility Fund	600,000		600,000	600,000	-
Human Services Fund	1,155,938		1,155,938	1,155,938	-
Capital Projects Fund:					
Open Space Fund	26,800		26,800	26,800	-
Revaluation Fund	75,000		75,000	75,000	-
Ambulance	165,000		165,000	165,000	-
Fire Apparatus	375,000		375,000	375,000	-
Elderly Vehicles	35,000		35,000	35,000	-
Communications Fund	150,000		150,000	150,000	-
DPW Apparatus	225,000		225,000	225,000	-
Coastal Resiliency Fund	306,000		306,000	306,000	-
Ballistic Vest Fund	8,200		8,200	8,200	-
SCBA Gear Fund	85,000		85,000	85,000	-
JBML Capital Fund	35,000		35,000	35,000	-
Solid Waste Equipment Fund	-		100,000	100,000	_
Infrastructure Enhancement Fund	-		97,000	97,000	_
Capital Procurement Fund	2,386,432		2,993,232	2,993,232	_
Total Other Financing Uses	5,836,155		6,844,535	6,844,535	-
Total Budgeted Operations	\$ 124,524,065	\$	125,361,865	122,453,660	\$ 2,908,205
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditure	es because:				
State of Connecticut on-behalf pension payments to the C Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.		eache	ers'	8,669,538	
State of Connecticut on-behalf OPEB payments to the Co Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.		cher	s'	122,622	
The Town does not budget for Lease fund expenditures.				934,835	
The Town budgets for Lease Fund transfers that are elimi	nated under GAAP.			(452,000)	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered to in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but financial reporting purposes. Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported or Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.	ut in the year receiven the Statement of	ed fo		(74,369)	
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - (Exhibit IV)	Governmental Fund	18 -		\$ 131,654,286	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total Pension Liability:										
Service Cost	\$ 579,898	\$ 600,194	\$ 621,201	\$ 586,875	\$ 586,875	\$ 437,672	\$ 615,498	\$ 715,518	\$ 750,275	\$ 818,505
Interest	1,838,139	1,906,563	1,990,048	2,058,756	2,140,743	2,207,541	2,330,759	2,362,619	2,400,021	2,547,907
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	844,917	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual			(000 707)		4 000 000		10.071		(400 700)	
Experience	-	-	(680,737)	-	1,920,908	-	13,674	-	(482,736)	-
Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member	-	-	991,581	-	706,596	-	(219,266)	-	1,927,043	-
Contributions	(1,519,089)	(1,400,569)	(1,564,499)	(1,644,784)	(1,602,870)	(1,740,559)	(2,014,458)	(2,814,444)	(2,251,630)	(2,528,006)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	898,948	1,106,188	1,357,594	1,000,847	3,752,252	1,749,571	726,207	263,693	2,342,973	838,406
Not offatige in rotal religion Elability	030,040	1,100,100	1,007,004	1,000,047	0,702,202	1,740,071	120,201	200,000	2,042,070	000,400
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	26,425,916	27,324,864	28,431,052	29,788,646	30,789,493	34,541,745	36,291,316	37,017,523	37,281,216	39,624,189
Total Pension Liability - Ending	27,324,864	28,431,052	29,788,646	30,789,493	34,541,745	36,291,316	37,017,523	37,281,216	39,624,189	40,462,595
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer	920,000	898,000	910,500	914,742	1,911,484	1,489,164	1,095,000	1,560,019	1,640,000	1,424,960
Contributions - Member	282,016	301,069	280,850	258,782	211,005	243,220	399,582	372,327	436,381	412,730
Net Investment Income	2,255,408	40,613	149,903	1,542,864	776,539	1,202,629	(86,998)	5,802,572	(3,666,822)	2,055,495
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(4.540.000)	(4, 400, 500)	(4.504.400)	(4.044.704)	(4 000 070)	(4.740.550)	(0.044.450)	(0.044.444)	(0.054.000)	(0.500.000)
Administrative Expense	(1,519,089)	(1,400,569)	(1,564,499)	(1,644,784)	(1,602,870)	(1,740,559)	(2,014,458)	(2,814,444)	(2,251,630)	(2,528,006)
Other	-	-	-	-	-	886,740	-	-	-	-
Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,938,335	(160,887)	(223,246)	1,071,604	1,296,158	2,081,194	(606,874)	4,920,474	(3,842,071)	1,365,179
Net Ghange III Tan Fluudiary Net Fosition	1,000,000	(100,007)	(220,240)	1,071,004	1,230,130	2,001,104	(000,074)	4,520,474	(0,042,071)	1,000,170
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	19,825,212	21,763,547	21,602,660	21,379,414	22,451,018	23,747,176	25,828,370	25,221,496	30,141,970	26,299,899
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	21,763,547	21,602,660	21,379,414	22,451,018	23,747,176	25,828,370	25,221,496	30,141,970	26,299,899	27,665,078
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 5,561,317	\$ 6,828,392	\$ 8,409,232	\$ 8,338,475	\$ 10,794,569	\$ 10,462,946	\$ 11,796,027	\$ 7,139,246	\$ 13,324,290	\$ 12,797,517
Dian Fisheriam, Nat Davitian and Davitan and Aba										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.65%	75.98%	71.77%	72.92%	68.75%	71.17%	68.13%	80.85%	66.37%	68.37%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,462,045	\$ 3,462,045	\$ 3,576,246	\$ 3,576,246	\$ 2,671,132	\$ 3,806,985	\$ 4,431,836	\$ 4,609,109	\$ 4,606,877	\$ 4,717,442
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll	160.64%	197.24%	235.14%	233.16%	404.12%	274.84%	266.17%	154.89%	289.23%	271.28%

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2015	_	2016	2017	2018		2019	2020	_	2021		2022		2023
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	\$ 13,044 77,644 (34,729 16,764	5)	18,559 80,186 -	\$ 19,116 84,136 (733) 23,148	\$ 20,274 86,666 -	\$	20,496 90,917 (26,189) 67,300	\$ 23,451 95,109 -	\$	23,708 100,523 (74,479) (2,302)	\$	23,270 101,442 -	\$	23,829 107,347 (39,182)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Net Change In Total Pension Liability	(40,95)	(42,937) 55,808	 (42,936) 82,731	 (46,584) 60,356		(41,745) 110,779	 (36,520) 82,040	_	(34,478) 12,972	—	(31,238) 93,474	-	(37,699) 54,295
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,116,29	<u> </u>	1,148,060	 1,203,868	 1,286,599		1,346,955	 1,457,734		1,539,774		1,552,746		1,646,220
Total Pension Liability - Ending	1,148,060)	1,203,868	1,286,599	1,346,955		1,457,734	1,539,774		1,552,746		1,646,220		1,700,515
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	62,000 (19) (40,95) 20,85	!) ')	348,000 2,651 (42,937) 307,714	86,000 66,884 (42,936) 109,948	87,000 35,625 (46,584) 76,041		87,000 54,293 (41,745) 99,548	87,299 (2,554) (36,520) 48,225	_	87,000 282,330 (34,478) 334,852		87,000 (188,862) (31,238) (133,100)		87,000 106,918 (37,699) 156,219
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	497,814	<u> </u>	518,665	826,379	936,327		1,012,368	1,111,916	_	1,160,141	_	1,494,993		1,361,893
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	518,66	<u> </u>	826,379	936,327	 1,012,368	_	1,111,916	1,160,141	_	1,494,993		1,361,893		1,518,112
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 629,39	\$	377,489	\$ 350,272	\$ 334,587	\$	345,818	\$ 379,633	\$	57,753	\$	284,327	\$	182,403
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	45.18	6	68.64%	72.78%	75.16%		76.28%	75.34%		96.28%		82.73%		89.27%
Covered Payroll	\$	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00	6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	 2015	_	2016	 2017	_	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	_	2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	903,163	\$ 897,106	\$	897,106	\$ 911,226	\$	911,226	\$ 1,056,060	\$ 1,056,060	\$ 1,178,950	\$ 1,187,630	\$	1,424,960
Determined Contribution	_	920,000	 898,000	_	910,500	 914,742		1,911,484	 1,489,164	 1,095,000	 1,560,019	 1,640,000	_	1,424,960
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(16,837)	\$ (894)	\$	(13,394)	\$ (3,516)	\$	(1,000,258)	\$ (433,104)	\$ (38,940)	\$ (381,069)	\$ (452,370)	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$	3,462,045	\$ 3,462,045	\$	3,576,246	\$ 3,576,246	\$	2,671,132	\$ 3,806,985	\$ 4,431,836	\$ 4,609,109	\$ 4,606,877	\$	4,717,442
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		26.57%	25.94%		25.46%	25.58%		71.56%	39.12%	24.71%	33.85%	35.60%		30.21%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date July 1, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Salary

Remaining Amortization Period 16 Years

Asset Valuation Method Asset Gains and Losses are Recognized Over a Five-Year Period at 20% per Year.

Inflation 2.40

Salary Increases Scaled from 8.40% Down to 2.40% Based on Years of Service.

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Retirement Age Scaled Based on Age from 25% at age 25 to 100% at age 40

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for Public Safety employees, for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale

MP-2021.

Prior: RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 66,924	\$ 86,184	\$ 86,184	\$ 86,184	\$ 59,050	\$ 59,640	\$ 65,330	\$ 65,970	\$ 50,840
Determined Contribution	62,000	348,000	86,000	 87,000	87,000	 87,299	 87,000	87,000	 87,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 4,924	\$ (261,816)	\$ 184	\$ (816)	\$ (27,950)	\$ (27,659)	\$ (21,670)	\$ (21,030)	\$ (36,160)
Covered Payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date January 1, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Salary

Remaining Amortization Period 10 Y

Asset Valuation Method Asset Gains and Losses are Recognized Over a Five-Year Period at 20% per Year.

 Inflation
 2.40% (Prior: 2.60%)

 Salary Increases
 Volunteer Fire Plan, no Salary

Investment Rate of Return 6.5%, Net of Investment-Related and Administrative Expenses Retirement Age Scaled Based on age from 50% at age 65 to 100% at age 70

Mortality Pub-2010 (B) Public Retirement Plans Headcount Weighted Mortality Tables for Safety employees, for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to

the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of										
Investment Expense	11.25%	0.18%	0.66%	7.19%	3.42%	5.07%	-0.32%	23.10%	-12.04%	7.76%

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	-0.04%	0.44%	7.55%	3.58%	5.06%	-0.22%	23.07%	-12.10%	7.54%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS***

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated With the Town	64,784,314	70,090,168	91,314,924	86,553,802	84,369,802	109,420,810	119,142,154	94,361,596	109,959,851
Total	\$ 64,784,314	\$ 70,090,168	\$ 91,314,924	\$ 86,553,802	\$ 84,369,802	\$ 109,420,810	\$ 119,142,154	\$ 94,361,596	\$ 109,959,851
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,361,702	\$ 25,437,705	\$ 25,585,052	\$ 26,087,583	\$ 25,670,355	\$ 26,997,429	\$ 27,094,747	\$ 27,083,522	\$ 27,688,745
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	61.51%	59.50%	52.26%	55.93%	57.69%	52.00%	49.24%	60.77%	54.06%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms Changes of Assumptions Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Single Equivalent Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method Inflation

Salary Increase

Investment Rate of Return

Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

None Entry Age

Level Percent of Pay, Closed

27.8 years

4-Year Smoothed Market

2.50%

3.00%-6.50%, Including Inflation

6.90%, Net of Investment Related Expense

*Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 2,224,976	\$ 2,284,715	\$ 2,233,161	\$ 2,254,928	\$ 2,456,032	\$ 2,511,387	\$ 3,091,444	\$ 3,488,893	\$ 3,365,469	\$ 4,412,546
Determined Contribution	2,224,976	2,284,715	2,233,161	2,254,928	2,456,032	2,511,387	3,091,444	3,488,893	3,365,469	4,412,546
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 16,641,556	\$ 16,787,032	\$ 18,444,678	\$ 18,428,703	\$ 19,160,897	\$ 19,552,183	\$ 19,967,045	\$ 19,919,543	\$ 20,529,299	\$ 22,953,381
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.37%	13.61%	12.11%	12.24%	12.82%	12.84%	15.48%	17.51%	16.39%	19.22%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

The actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of June 30, for the fiscal year ending two years after the valuation date.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level dollar, closed

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 20 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 years smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% - 10.00%, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 7%, net of investment related expense

Changes in Assumptions In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions

utilized in the June 30, 2020 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement, and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study

for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	 2015	 2016	_	2017	_	2018	2019	 2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	3.57%	3.29%		3.22%		3.35%	3.07%	2.94%		2.93%		2.80%		2.97%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,519,712	\$ 6,345,626	\$	10,725,931	\$	8,314,503	\$ 29,349,746	\$ 30,340,054	\$	32,645,487	\$	19,889,870	\$	40,901,028
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 16,787,032	\$ 18,444,678	\$	18,428,703	\$	19,160,897	\$ 19,552,183	\$ 19,967,045	\$	19,919,543	\$	20,529,299	\$	22,953,381
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	20.97%	34.40%		58.20%		43.39%	150.11%	151.95%		163.89%		96.89%		178.19%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	90.48%	92.72%		88.29%		91.68%	73.60%	72.69%		71.18%		82.59%		68.71%

*Notes:

⁻ This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

⁻ The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	201		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		 2023
Total OPEB Liability:													
Service Cost	\$	808,381	\$	838,695	\$	884,463	\$	1,011,077	\$	1,053,546	\$	740,539	\$ 773,123
Interest		1,849,268		1,963,934		2,066,626		1,997,540		2,119,102		1,763,781	1,839,983
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		124,760		29,728		(2,500,899)		36,501		(2,911,119)		355,593	(5,225,247)
Changes of Assumptions		(4.005.447)		(4.070.000)		917,229		(4.000.040)		(3,955,923) (1.342.019)		(4 570 000)	808,916
Benefit Payments Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(1,035,117) 1,747,292		(1,070,696) 1,761,661	-	(1,652,303) (284,884)		(1,096,643) 1,948,475		(5,036,413)		(1,579,882) 1,280,031	 (1,864,926) (3,668,151)
Net Change III Total OPEB Liability		1,747,292		1,761,661		(204,004)		1,940,475		(5,030,413)		1,200,031	(3,000,131)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		27,035,934		28,783,226		30,544,887		30,260,003		32,208,478		27,172,065	 28,452,096
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		28,783,226		30,544,887		30,260,003		32,208,478		27,172,065		28,452,096	24,783,945
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:													
Contributions - Employer		2,216,607		2,218,026		8,141,374		9,609,044		2,346,149		2,589,512	2,290,899
Contributions - TRB Subsidy		25,410		64,570		51,480		53,020		56,870		51,370	93,500
Net Investment Income		1,090,779		662,753		841,537		(140,172)		4,522,716		(2,882,744)	2,416,440
Benefit Payments		(1,035,117)		(1,070,696)		(1,652,303)		(1,096,643)		(1,342,019)		(1,579,882)	(1,864,926)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,297,679		1,874,653		7,382,088		8,425,249		5,583,716		(1,821,744)	2,935,913
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		11,934,160		14,231,839		16,106,492		23,488,580		31,913,829		37,497,545	35,675,801
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		14,231,839		16,106,492		23,488,580		31,913,829		37,497,545		35,675,801	38,611,714
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	14,551,387	\$	14,438,395	\$	6,771,423	\$	294,649	\$	(10,325,480)	\$	(7,223,705)	\$ (13,827,769)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		49.44%		52.73%		77.62%		99.09%		138.00%		125.39%	155.79%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	49,561,870	\$	51,420,440	\$	44,608,973	\$	46,214,896	\$	46,157,107	\$	47,726,448	\$ 48,874,575
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		29.36%		28.08%		15.18%		0.64%		-22.37%		-15.14%	-28.29%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 1,790,540	\$ 1,835,900	\$ 1,847,914	\$ 1,907,215	\$ 2,016,067	\$ 2,048,581	\$ 1,970,411	\$ 2,018,432	\$ 298,455	\$ 326,473
Determined Contribution	1,964,000	1,808,700	1,560,200	2,216,607	2,218,026	8,141,374	9,609,044	2,346,149	2,589,512	2,290,899
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (173,460)	\$ 27,200	\$ 287,714	\$ (309,392)	\$ (201,959)	\$ (6,092,793)	\$ (7,638,633)	\$ (327,717)	\$ (2,291,057)	\$ (1,964,426)
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 48,861,400	\$ 48,861,400	\$ 47,770,477	\$ 49,561,870	\$ 51,420,440	\$ 44,608,973	\$ 46,214,896	\$ 46,157,107	\$ 47,726,448	\$ 48,874,575
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	4.02%	3.70%	3.27%	4.47%	4.31%	18.25%	20.79%	5.08%	5.43%	4.69%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date July 1, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Salary, Closed

Amortization Period 25 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Inflation 2.40%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% in 2022, Decreasing 0.20% per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.40% for 2033 and Later.

Prior: (6.50% in 2020, Decreasing 0.20% per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.40% for 2031 and Later.)

Salary Increases 3.40%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation

Retirement Age Expected Retirement Ages of Employees are Based on Union Agreements and Other Expectations

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables (with separate tables for General Employees, Public Safety and Teachers), projected to the

valuation date with Scale MP-2021

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,							
Net of Investment Expense	8.44%	4.50%	4.72%	-0.57%	14.16%	-7.68%	6.77%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Town's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated With the Town	9,629,961	10,280,523	17,770,057	17,064,792	16,866,066	22,277,963
Total	\$ 9,629,961	\$ 10,280,523	\$ 17,770,057	\$ 17,064,792	\$ 16,866,066	\$ 22,277,963
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 27,688,745	\$ 27,083,522	\$ 27,094,747	\$ 26,997,429	\$ 25,670,355	\$ 26,087,583
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.46%	6.11%	2.50%	2.08%	1.49%	1.79%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms Changes of Assumptions There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440. Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes

as of June 30, 2022 was updated to equal the SEIR of 3.53% as of June 30, 2022;
Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;

The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claims costs were updated;

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll Over an Open Period

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Investment Rate of Return 3.00%, Net of Investment Related Expense, Including Price Inflation

Price Inflation 2.50%

*Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 82,154,713	\$ 58,548,291
Taxes, Net of Allowance for 2023 and 2022 of \$728,085		
and \$379,764, Respectfully	2,646,595	4,509,356
Interest Intergovernmental	1,249,459 107,470	2,019,894 194,761
Other	1,462,871	877,712
Due from Other Funds	13,199	33,749
Prepaid Items	2,092,416	1,478,987
Total Assets	\$ 89,726,723	\$ 67,662,750
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 7,754,994	\$ 6,991,453
Due to Other Funds	5,626,482	2,929,871
Unearned Revenue	1,020,281	1,023,240
Other Total Liabilities	<u>78,701</u> 14,480,458	78,699 11,023,263
Total Elabilities	14,400,400	11,020,200
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	3,190,696	4,361,895
Unavailable Revenue - Interest on Property Taxes	1,249,463	2,019,898
Advance Property Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>14,195,497</u> 18,635,656	2,738,036 9,119,829
Total Deferred lilliows of Resources	10,033,030	9,119,029
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable	2,092,416	1,478,987
Committed	343,140	423,690
Assigned	4,638,885	4,647,673
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	49,536,168	40,969,308
i otal Fullu Dalalice	56,610,609	47,519,658
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Fund Balance	\$ 89,726,723	\$ 67,662,750

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grand	Taxes Lawful to								ncollected Taxes									
List	Jul	y 1, 2022	C	orrections		Suspense		Collectible		Taxes		Interest	nterest		Total		Ju	ne 30, 2023
2007 and Earlier	\$	90,045	\$	(5,888)	\$	(14,002)	\$	70,155	\$	377	\$	1,643	\$	24	\$	2,044	\$	69,778
2008		48,913		(4,877)		(6,137)		37,899		12,029		1,349		-		13,378		25,870
2009		53,423		(4,370)		(5,970)		43,083		19,834		20,715		96		40,645		23,249
2010		63,443		(3,489)		(4,532)		55,422		19,699		17,116		72		36,887		35,723
2011		86,032		(3,043)		(10,013)		72,976		23,794		20,915		96		44,805		49,182
2012		63,482		-		(3,654)		59,828		13,888		3,157		96		17,141		45,940
2013		72,072		-		(2,892)		69,180		16,887		6,951		120		23,958		52,293
2014		193,242		(20,832)		(14,403)		158,007		60,346		61,326		2,067		123,739		97,661
2015		357,987		(52,584)		(23,547)		281,856		143,888		127,769		4,835		276,492		137,968
2016		130,428		-		(3,704)		126,724		27,468		13,529		363		41,360		99,256
2017		567,016		(55,468)		(106,891)		404,657		202,171		143,568		2,935		348,674		202,486
2018		661,301		(56,116)		(28,010)		577,175		217,783		107,238		22,616		347,637		359,392
2019		900,649		(47,484)		(31,274)		821,891		381,023		103,839		2,156		487,018		440,868
2020		1,601,087		(87,656)		(34,837)		1,478,594		861,771		164,439		5,032		1,031,242		616,823
2021	11	3,874,565		(266,321)		(40,055)	1	113,568,189	1	112,449,998		281,240		12,711		112,743,949		1,118,191
Total	\$ 11	8,763,685	\$	(608,128)	\$	(329,921)	\$ 1	117,825,636	1	114,450,956		1,074,794		53,219		115,578,969	\$	3,374,680
										126,721		113,551		6,523		246,795		
								Total	\$ 1	14,577,677	\$	1,188,345	\$	59,742	\$	115,825,764		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	General	Surety Bond Fund	Board of Education Severance Fund	Lease Fund	Eliminations	Total General Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 80,378,936	\$ 1,432,637	\$ 2,345	\$ 340,795	\$ -	\$ 82,154,713
Receivables, Net	5,466,395	-	-	-	-	5,466,395
Due from Other Funds	13,199	-	-	-	-	13,199
Other Assets	2,092,416					2,092,416
Total Assets	\$ 87,950,946	\$ 1,432,637	\$ 2,345	\$ 340,795	\$ -	\$ 89,726,723
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Other Payables	\$ 6,322,357	\$ 1,432,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,754,994
Due to Other Funds	5,626,482	-	-	-	-	5,626,482
Unearned Revenue	1,020,281	-	-	-	-	1,020,281
Other	78,701					78,701
Total Liabilities	13,047,821	1,432,637	-	-	-	14,480,458
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	3,190,696	-	-	-	-	3,190,696
Unavailable Revenue - Interest on Property Taxes	1,249,463	-	-	-	-	1,249,463
Advance Property Tax Collections	14,195,497					14,195,497
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,635,656					18,635,656
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	2,092,416	-	-	-	-	2,092,416
Committed	-	-	2,345	340,795	-	343,140
Assigned	4,638,885	-	-	-	-	4,638,885
Unassigned	49,536,168					49,536,168
Total Fund Balances	56,267,469		2,345	340,795		56,610,609
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 87,950,946	\$ 1,432,637	\$ 2,345	\$ 340,795	\$ -	\$ 89,726,723

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Surety Bond Fund	Board of Education Severance Fund	Lease Fund	Eliminations	Total General Fund
REVENUES	¢ 444.072.440	œ.	\$ -	\$ -	Φ.	\$ 114.973.418
Property Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 114,973,418 13,367,010	\$ -	ф -	Ф -	Ъ -	\$ 114,973,418 13,367,010
Charges for Services	5,580,640	-	-	-	-	5,580,640
Income on Investments	3,150,130	-	-	-	-	3,150,130
Miscellaneous	2,417,551	_	_	11,574	_	2,429,125
Total Revenues	139,488,749			11,574		139,500,323
Total Nevenues	100,400,740			11,074		103,000,020
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	5.050.074					5.050.074
General Government	5,950,671	-	-	-	-	5,950,671
Public Safety	14,769,090	-	-	440.707	-	14,769,090
Public Works and Highway	6,234,437	-	-	140,707	-	6,375,144
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	3,167,284	-	-	-	-	3,167,284
Health and Human Services Education	749,516	-	-	400 447	-	749,516
Pension and Insurance	69,380,660	-	-	403,417	-	69,784,077
	14,496,825	-	-	200 744	-	14,496,825
Capital Outlay	- 0.040.400	-	-	390,711	-	390,711
Debt Service	9,348,433			-		9,348,433
Total Expenditures	124,096,916			934,835		125,031,751
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	15,391,833	-	-	(923,261)	-	14,468,572
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	854,203	-	-	452,000	(452,000)	854,203
Transfers Out	(7,074,535)	-	-	-	452,000	(6,622,535)
Lease Issuances	-	-	-	390,711	-	390,711
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	(6,220,332)			842,711		(5,377,621)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	9,171,501	-	-	(80,550)	-	9,090,951
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	47,095,968		2,345	421,345		47,519,658
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 56,267,469	\$ -	\$ 2,345	\$ 340,795	\$ -	\$ 56,610,609

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

						Spec	cial Revenue							
						Board	d of Education	1						
ASSETS	Sewer Assessment	Water sessment	E	Adult ducation Program	Day Care		ducational Grants	(Cafeteria		Building Usage	_	Small Cities Fund	Town Aid Road
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Due from Other Funds	\$ 5,233,873 - 72,049 -	\$ 10,643 - 6,143 -	\$	63,770 - - - -	\$ 811,122 - - - -	\$	798,349 - - 722,097 84,666	\$	502,116 - 1,869 265,184	\$	2,099 - - - -	\$	149,753 - - 292,044 -	\$ 4,199,411 - - - -
Inventory Total Assets	\$ 5,305,922	\$ 16,786	\$	63,770	\$ 811,122	\$	1,605,112	\$	32,752 801,921	\$	2,099	\$	441,797	\$ 4,199,411
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE														
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ - 1,945,000 - 1,945,000	\$ - - -	\$	1,189 - - - 1,189	\$ 17,776 - - 17,776	\$	308,341 - 249,502 557,843	\$	83,616 - - 83,616	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Fees Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,049 - - - - 72,049	 6,143 - - - - 6,143		- - - -	 - - - -		702,556 - - - - 702,556		36,680 - - 36,680		- - - -		- - - 292,044 292,044	
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total Fund Balance	3,288,873 - - - - 3,288,873	 - 10,643 - 10,643		- - 62,581 - 62,581	793,346 - 793,346		344,713 - - 344,713		32,752 - 648,873 - 681,625	_	2,099 - 2,099	_	149,753 - - 149,753	4,199,411 - - 4,199,411
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 5,305,922	\$ 16,786	\$	63,770	\$ 811,122	\$	1,605,112	\$	801,921	\$	2,099	\$	441,797	\$ 4,199,411

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue										
ASSETS	Pass Through Grants	Through Grants		Special Programs	Counseling Center	Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission	Animal Control	Sewer Utility Fund	FEMA Fund	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventory Total Assets	\$	-	719,615	\$ 2,035,410 - 61 - \$ 2,035,471	\$ 251,939 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 120,015 122,323 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 467,206 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 130,903 - 172,444 - - \$ 303,347	\$ 2,342,221 584,424 65,899 413,985 245,846	\$ 172,930 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE		= =									
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	- ; - -	70,226 - 241,135 311,361	\$ 75,639 - - - - 75,639	\$ 1,795 - - - 1,795	\$ 622 - - - 622	\$ 285 - - 285	\$ 24,560 - 28,720 53,280	\$ 139,010 13,199 - 152,209	\$ - - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Fees Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	: : :	- - - -	- - - -	478,731 - - - 478,731		
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		- - - <u>-</u> _	408,254	1,959,832	250,144	241,716	466,921	250,067	3,021,435	172,930 - -	
Total Fund Balance Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance		<u>-</u> _	408,254	1,959,832 \$ 2,035,471	250,144 \$ 251,939	241,716 \$ 242,338	466,921 \$ 467,206	250,067 \$ 303,347	3,021,435 \$ 3,652,375	172,930 \$ 172,930	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue										
ASSETS	LOCIP Fund	Human Services Fund	Academy on the Green Fund	Shellfish Commission Fund	Conservation Fund	Elderly Commission Fund	Medical Transport Fund	Fireworks Committee Fund	Student Activity Fund		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Due from Other Funds	\$ - - - 245,846 -	\$ 1,314,879 - 312,988 -	\$ 21,773 - - -	\$ 279,187 - - -	\$ 1,754 - - -	\$ 232,283 - - -	\$ 93,040 - - -	\$ 16,423 - - -	\$ 704,786 - - -		
Inventory Total Assets	\$ 245,846	\$ 1,627,867	\$ 21,773	\$ 279,187	\$ 1,754	\$ 232,283	\$ 93,040	\$ 16,423	\$ 704,786		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE											
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ - 245,846 - 245,846	\$ 72,686 - - - - 72,686	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 226 - - 226	\$ 170 - - 170	\$ 3,519 - - - - 3,519	\$ - - -		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Fees Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	245,846 - - 245,846	194,446 	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -			
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total Fund Balance	- - (245,846) (245,846)	1,360,735 - 1,360,735	21,773 	279,187 - 279,187	1,754 - - 1,754	232,057 - 232,057	92,870 - 92,870	12,904 - 12,904	704,786 - - - - - -		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 245,846	\$ 1,627,867	\$ 21,773	\$ 279,187	\$ 1,754	\$ 232,283	\$ 93,040	\$ 16,423	\$ 704,786		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue								
ASSETS	Total	Damascus Cemetery	Leshine Scholarship	Caspar Block Scholarship	ent Fund Gustaf Nelson Memorial	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant	Total	Transfers/ Interfunds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventory	\$ 20,675,500 706,747 458,948 2,111,661 330,512 32,752	\$ 226,544 - - - - -	\$ 4,438 - - - - -	\$ 5,703 - - - - -	\$ 35,942 - - - - -	\$ 66,170 - - - - -	\$ 338,797 - - - - -	\$ - - (245,846)	\$ 21,014,297 706,747 458,948 2,111,661 84,666 32,752
Total Assets	\$ 24,316,120	\$ 226,544	\$ 4,438	\$ 5,703	\$ 35,942	\$ 66,170	\$ 338,797	\$ (245,846)	\$ 24,409,071
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 799,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 799,660
Due to Other Funds	2,204,045	-	-	-	-	-	-	(245,846)	1,958,199
Unearned Revenue	519,357								519,357
Total Liabilities	3,523,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	(245,846)	3,277,216
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	556,923	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556,923
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable	985,082	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	985,082
Unavailable Revenue - Fees Receivable	194,446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,446
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable	292,044								292,044
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,028,495	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,028,495
FUND BALANCE									
Nonspendable	32,752	1,500	4,000	5,000	30,000	60,230	100,730	-	133,482
Restricted	10,115,512	225,044	438	703	5,942	5,940	238,067	-	10,353,579
Committed	8,862,145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,862,145
Unassigned	(245,846)								(245,846)
Total Fund Balance	18,764,563	226,544	4,438	5,703	35,942	66,170	338,797		19,103,360
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 24,316,120	\$ 226,544	\$ 4,438	\$ 5,703	\$ 35,942	\$ 66,170	\$ 338,797	\$ (245,846)	\$ 24,409,071

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Special Revenue Board of Education Adult Small Town Building Sewer Water Education Day Educational Cities Aid Program Care Grants Cafeteria Usage Fund Road Assessment Assessment **REVENUES** Assessment Income 253,927 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 774,522 Intergovernmental Revenues 4,380,883 1,456,210 Sales and Services 421,593 68,371 Investment Income 115.511 22,513 6,015 152,286 Other 20 1,313 202,418 Sale of Food 444,106 **Total Revenues** 369,458 68,371 4,380,883 1,313 6,015 926,808 1,658,628 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works and Highway 4,581 705,050 Parks, Recreation, and Libraries Health and Human Services Education 60,792 327,107 4,913,329 1,829,869 2,630 Capital Outlay Total Expenditures 4,581 60,792 327,107 4,913,329 1,829,869 2,630 705,050 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES** 364.877 7.579 116.999 (532,446)(171,241)(1,317)6.015 221.758 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers In 3,510 Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 3,510 **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES** 368,387 7,579 116,999 (532,446)(171,241)(1,317)6,015 221,758 Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 2,920,486 10,643 55,002 852,866 143,738 676,347 877,159 3,416 3,977,653 149,753 **FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR** 3,288,873 10,643 62,581 793,346 344,713 681,625 2,099 \$ 4,199,411

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Revenue										
	Pass Through Grants	Park and Recreation	Special Programs	Counseling Center	Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission	Animal Control	Sewer Utility Fund	FEMA Fund			
REVENUES Assessment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,095,410	\$ -			
Intergovernmental Revenues	401,690	Ψ -	285,389	Ψ - -	γ - 712	Ψ -	172,444	12,278	49,482			
Sales and Services	-	457,095	63,813	-	-	-	77,330	-	-			
Investment Income	-	25,341	8,077	2,347	7,616	17,164	2,566	38,904	-			
Other	-	25,620	472,306	87,635	35,939	6,090	17,390	584	-			
Sale of Food												
Total Revenues	401,690	508,056	829,585	89,982	44,267	23,254	269,730	4,147,176	49,482			
EXPENDITURES Current:												
General Government	-	-	28,022	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Safety	-	-	506,175	-	-	-	441,203	-	-			
Public Works and Highway	-	-	3,450	-	-	-	-	3,044,568	-			
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	-	597,970	-	-	13,683	-	-	-	-			
Health and Human Services	401,690	-	107,800	27,817	-	6,043	-	-	-			
Education	-	-	58,500	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	404.000	-	700.047		10.000	- 0.040	- 444.000	- 0.044.500				
Total Expenditures	401,690	597,970	703,947	27,817	13,683	6,043	441,203	3,044,568				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(89,914)	125,638	62,165	30,584	17,211	(171,473)	1,102,608	49,482			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			222.222				0.40.005					
Transfers In	-	-	200,000	-	-	-	212,365	600,000	-			
Transfers Out			200,000				212.265	(1,197,609)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		200,000				212,365	(597,609)	<u>-</u>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(89,914)	325,638	62,165	30,584	17,211	40,892	504,999	49,482			
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		498,168	1,634,194	187,979	211,132	449,710	209,175	2,516,436	123,448			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 408,254	\$ 1,959,832	\$ 250,144	\$ 241,716	\$ 466,921	\$ 250,067	\$ 3,021,435	\$ 172,930			

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue										
	LOCIP Fund	Human Services Fund	Academy on the Green Fund	Shellfish Commission Fund	Conservation Fund	Elderly Commission Fund	Medical Transport Fund	Fireworks Committee Fund	Student Activity Fund		
REVENUES Assessment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental Revenues	Ф -	ъ - -	Φ -	φ - -	Ф -	Ф -	Ф -	Ф -	Ф -		
Sales and Services	-	780,330	_	11,526	-	22,573	-	90	986,242		
Investment Income	_	32,417	834	10,068	66	4,448	3,038	-	-		
Other	-	-	-	-	-	3,562	5,083	9,485	-		
Sale of Food						<u> </u>					
Total Revenues		812,747	834	21,594	66	30,583	8,121	9,575	986,242		
EXPENDITURES Current:											
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Works and Highway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	-	-	-	7,770	-	-	-	33,519	-		
Health and Human Services	-	1,750,830	-	-	-	14,749	1,909	-	-		
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,003,538		
Capital Outlay	145,846										
Total Expenditures	145,846	1,750,830		7,770		14,749	1,909	33,519	1,003,538		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(145,846)	(938,083)	834	13,824	66	15,834	6,212	(23,944)	(17,296)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In	-	1,155,938	-	-	-	-	-	20,000	-		
Transfers Out		(64,000)									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,091,938						20,000			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(145,846)	153,855	834	13,824	66	15,834	6,212	(3,944)	(17,296)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(100,000)	1,206,880	20,939	265,363	1,688	216,223	86,658	16,848	722,082		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ (245,846)	\$ 1,360,735	\$ 21,773	\$ 279,187	\$ 1,754	\$ 232,057	\$ 92,870	\$ 12,904	\$ 704,786		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue	Permanent Fund										
	Total	Damascus Cemetery	Leshine Scholarship	Caspar Block Scholarship	Gustaf Nelson Memorial	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
REVENUES Assessment Income	\$ 4,349,337	¢.	¢	\$ -	¢.	œ.	\$ -	\$ 4,349,337				
	\$ 4,349,337 7,533,610	\$ - 3,200	\$ -	5 -	\$ -	\$ -	3,200	\$ 4,349,337 7,536,810				
Intergovernmental Revenues Sales and Services	2,888,963	3,200	-	-	-	-	3,200	2,888,963				
Investment Income	2,666,963 449,211	22	164	221	1,405	2,538	4,350	2,666,963 453,561				
Other	665,027	22	104	221	1,405	2,556	4,330	665,027				
Sale of Food	202,418	-	-	-	-	-	-	202,418				
Total Revenues	16,088,566	3,222	164	221	1,405	2,538	7,550	16,096,116				
Total Novolidos	10,000,000	0,222	101		1,100	2,000	7,000	10,000,110				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General Government	28,022	3,200	-	-	-	-	3,200	31,222				
Public Safety	947,378	-	-	-	-	-	-	947,378				
Public Works and Highway	3,757,649	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,757,649				
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	652,942	-	-	-	-	-	-	652,942				
Health and Human Services	2,310,838	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,310,838				
Education	8,195,765	-	250	-	500	-	750	8,196,515				
Capital Outlay	145,846							145,846				
Total Expenditures	16,038,440	3,200	250		500		3,950	16,042,390				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	50,126	22	(86)	221	905	2,538	3,600	53,726				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In	2,191,813	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,191,813				
Transfers Out	(1,261,609)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,261,609)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	930,204							930,204				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	980,330	22	(86)	221	905	2,538	3,600	983,930				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	17,784,233	226,522	4,524	5,482	35,037	63,632	335,197	18,119,430				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 18,764,563	\$ 226,544	\$ 4,438	\$ 5,703	\$ 35,942	\$ 66,170	\$ 338,797	\$ 19,103,360				

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Madical			Workers'		Heart and	
		Medical	Co	mpensation	H	ypertension	
		Fund		Revenues		Fund	 Total
ASSETS				_			_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,157,605	\$	7,401,796	\$	2,485,047	\$ 17,044,448
Accounts Receivable		5,527		-		-	5,527
Prepaid Expenses		-		80,000		20,000	100,000
Due from Other Funds		2,138,231					2,138,231
Total Assets		9,301,363		7,481,796		2,505,047	19,288,206
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		188		30,476		4,539	35,203
Claims Incurred Not Reported		432,300		3,110,737		1,018,566	 4,561,603
Total Liabilities		432,488		3,141,213		1,023,105	4,596,806
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted	\$	8,868,875	\$	4,340,583	\$	1,481,942	\$ 14,691,400

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Medical	Workers' mpensation	-	Heart and pertension	
	 Fund	 Revenues		Fund	 Total
OPERATING REVENUES	_				_
Contributions for Benefits	\$ 10,795,864	\$ 1,168,944	\$	275,000	\$ 12,239,808
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Benefit Claims	8,854,589	1,085,703		-	9,940,292
Claims Administration	 1,767,077	 58,700		108,647	 1,934,424
Total Operating Expenses	10,621,666	1,144,403		108,647	11,874,716
OPERATING INCOME	174,198	24,541		166,353	365,092
NONOPERATING INCOME					
Interest Income	 110,869	217,361		95,284	 423,514
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	285,067	241,902		261,637	788,606
Net Position - Beginning of Year	8,583,808	4,098,681		1,220,305	13,902,794
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,868,875	\$ 4,340,583	\$	1,481,942	\$ 14,691,400

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Medical Fund	Workers' mpensation Fund	-	Heart and pertension Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received for Benefits Cash Paid for Benefits and Administration	\$ 8,919,857 11,349,366)	\$ 1,168,944 (777,136)	\$	275,000 (158,167)	10,363,801 12,284,669)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(2,429,509)	391,808		116,833	(1,920,868)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Income	 110,869	217,361		95,284	423,514
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,318,640)	609,169		212,117	(1,497,354)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	9,476,245	6,792,627		2,272,930	18,541,802
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,157,605	\$ 7,401,796	\$	2,485,047	\$ 17,044,448
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by	\$ 174,198	\$ 24,541	\$	166,353	\$ 365,092
Operating Activities: Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Receivables Increase (Decrease) in:	(1,876,007)	-		- (40.500)	(1,876,007)
Payables	 (727,700)	 367,267		(49,520)	 (409,953)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (2,429,509)	\$ 391,808	\$	116,833	\$ (1,920,868)

TRUST FUNDS

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Pension Trust Funds	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 77,627	\$ 1,043,723	\$ 1,121,350		
Investments	29,105,563	37,567,991	66,673,554 67,794,904		
Total Assets	29,183,190	38,611,714			
NET POSITION					
Held in Trust for Pension or Retiree Benefits	\$ 29,183,190	\$ 38,611,714	\$ 67,794,904		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Pension Trust Funds	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,511,960	\$ 2,384,399	\$ 3,896,359
Plan Members Total Contributions	412,730 1,924,690	2,384,399	412,730 4,309,089
Investment Income	2,162,413	2,416,440	4,578,853
Total Additions	4,087,103	4,800,839	8,887,942
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	2,565,705	1,864,926	4,430,631
Total Deductions	2,565,705	1,864,926	4,430,631
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,521,398	2,935,913	4,457,311
Net Position - Beginning of Year	27,661,792	35,675,801	63,337,593
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 29,183,190	\$ 38,611,714	\$ 67,794,904

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Total Tax Collections (Including Interest Treasurer for the Year Ended June 30, Total Tax Collections (Including Interest (Estimated)	2022	·		-	uniciį	palities			\$	112,751 1,942
Base									\$	114,693
	General Purpose		9	Schools Sewers		Sewers	Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit	
Debt Limitation:		Гагросо		00110010	-	COWOIG		toriowai		Bolloit
2-1/4 Times Base	\$	258,059	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
4-1/2 Times Base		, -		516,119		_		_		_
3-3/4 Times Base		-		· <u>-</u>		430,099		-		-
3-1/4 Times Base		_		_		-		372,752		-
3 Times Base		-		-		-		-		344,079
Total Debt Limitation		258,059		516,119		430,099		372,752		344,079
Indebtedness:										
Bonds Payable		15,843		56,002		5,315		-		-
Bonds Authorized and Unissued		6,010		6,335		265		-		
Total Indebtedness		21,853		62,337		5,580				
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and										
Authorized Debt	\$	236,206	\$	453,782	\$	424,519	\$	372,752	\$	344,079

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation: \$802,851.

