TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

JUNE 30, 2013

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Branford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2013 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 48 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2013 on our consideration of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Stapino + Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 18, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$7,261.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$7,261 less than the \$114,921 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$107,760 with no new programs added this year except for initiatives enacted by the Board of Education with regard to prekindergarten.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$21,638.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$4,380 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were \$1,042 less than budgeted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

• Governmental activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works and highway, parks, recreation and libraries, health and human services, pension and insurance, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Sewer Assessment Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Workers' Compensation Fund, Heart and Hypertension Fund and Medical Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's combined net position increased from a year ago, increasing from \$116,434 to \$123,694. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities					
	2013	_	2012			
Current assets	\$ 65,675	\$	58,938			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	132,920		133,326			
Total assets	198,595	_	192,264			
Long-term debt outstanding	59,223		64,887			
Other liabilities	15,678		10,943			
Total liabilities	74,901	-	75,830			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	80,661		83,819			
Restricted	259		246			
Unrestricted	 42,774	_	32,369			
Total Net Position	\$ 123,694	\$_	116,434			

The Town experienced an increase in net position of its governmental activities of 6.2% as compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$32,369 at June 30, 2012 to 42,774 at the end of this year.

The change in unrestricted governmental net position primarily reflects the increase in capital assets.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

			rnn tivit	nental ties
		2013		2012
Revenues:				_
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	10,325	\$	9,003
Operating grants and contributions		14,332		13,964
Capital grants and contributions		953		157
General revenues:				
Property taxes		87,266		84,094
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		1,277		1,382
Unrestricted investment earnings		153		197
Other general revenues		615		419
Total revenues	_	114,921		109,216
Program expenses:				
General government		6,338		5,777
Public safety		17,805		18,036
Public works and highway		13,965		13,842
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,119		3,164
Health and human services		3,621		3,054
Education		61,594		60,513
Interest debt service		1,218		1,320
Total program expenses	_	107,660		105,706
Increase in Net Position	\$_	7,261	\$	3,510

The Town's total revenues were \$114,921. The total cost of all programs and services was \$107,660. Our analysis which follows considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

The largest single component of governmental activity is the General Fund. Total revenues were \$4,380 higher than budgeted. Of this amount, \$1,860 resulted from strong property tax collections that include prior year levies, interest and penalties. Taxes on the current levy exceeded the budget by \$1,051. Intergovernmental revenue exceeded budget due to conservative estimates of state assistance and an expectation that principal and interest subsidies from the State's school construction program would be reduced pursuant to audits coupled with favorable results from the manufacturing pilot and municipal revenue sharing. Revenues from licenses, permits and fee revenue exceeded the budget by \$608, primarily due to police special detail of \$364, ambulance fees, and building permits. Interest and other income exceeded the budget by \$1,180 primarily due to better than anticipated results from the sale of recyclable materials and two non-recurring items including proceeds from a lawsuit and a disbursement from the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility.

Expenditures were \$1,042 less than anticipated. The primary factors contributing to the expenditure balance relate to lower than anticipated costs for, tax appeals, utilities, and municipal solid waste fees combined with vacancies, which resulted in savings across various functional areas while reducing pension and Social Security requirements.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - police, fire, public works, education, and parks and recreation - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Co	Services		Net Cost	of S	ervices	
	_	2013		2012	_	2013	_	2012
General government	\$	6,338	\$	5,777	\$	4,456	\$	4,527
Public safety		17,805		18,036		14,761		15,497
Public works and highway		13,965		13,842		8,976		8,673
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,119		3,164		2,606		2,790
Health and human services		3,621		3,054		2,004		1,803
Education		61,594		60,513		48,105		48,072
Interest and debt service		1,218	_	1,320	_	1,142		1,218
Total	\$	107,660	\$ _	105,706	\$ _	82,050	\$_	82,580

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$32,208, which is an increase from last year's total of \$31,100. The primary reason for the increase is the change in the general fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's general fund expenditures plus encumbrances totaled \$96,490. Unexpended appropriations in general government, public safety, public works, education and pension and insurance coupled with smaller unexpended balances from other areas produced a favorable variance of \$1,042. Revenues were \$4,380 higher, which reflects strong tax collections, favorable nontax revenue experience, conservative estimates and receipt of non-recurring revenue items.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$21,638 reported on Exhibit IV is comprised of four categories: Nonspendable, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned. Please refer to Exhibit A-1 for the complete breakdown.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2013, the Town had \$132,920 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment - Table 4. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$406 or 0.31 %, less than last year. This decrease reflects lower construction in progress amounts which were not offset by increases in other categories.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
	2013		2012				
Land	\$ 13,683	\$	13,058				
Intangible assets	597		597				
Land improvements	1,409		821				
Buildings	80,458		70,974				
Machinery and equipment	8,407		8,895				
Construction in progress	2,204		11,920				
Infrastructure	 26,162		27,061				
Total	\$ 132,920	\$	133,326				

The Town has implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, which require the reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002.

The Town's fiscal-year 2013-14 welcomes the completion of the new dispatch system. Currently, the Town is leasing space for the public works operation and is looking to secure a site and may authorize funding for this project prior in FY 2015. Additionally improvements to pump stations are planned and a bridge replacement is anticipated this spring. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2013, the Town had \$49,190 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$54,965 last year – a decrease of \$5,775 or approximately 11%. The Town anticipates increasing the long term debt in future years to finance a public works garage, bridge replacement, school renovations, pump station improvements and a senior center.

The Town's general obligation bond rating from Moody's Investor Services, a national rating agency, remains at Aa2, and represents the second rating increase from Moody's since 2001. The Town's rating from Standard & Poor's remains at AAA. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this state-imposed limit of \$623 million.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal-year 2013-2014 budget and corresponding tax rates. Town officials confronted a number of challenges while formulating the budget, including, but not limited to, the annual uncertainty with regard to State assistance and higher pension and benefit costs, and increased debt service costs. In developing the budget, Town officials acknowledged that property owners continue to endure their own economic constraints and job insecurities associated with the slow recovery. Faced with these challenges, officials sought to minimize the increase the Town's tax requirements while acknowledging that the demand for many municipal services would increase. In developing the budget, the Town established the following budget guidelines that provided the rationale for many of the budgetary decisions: maintain the current level of existing services while refraining from adding new programs; fund current and future liabilities; preserve the undesignated fund balance; continue to invest in new vehicles and equipment to ensure continued service delivery; preserve the Town's investment in its properties and buildings; and to continue to fund many capital items on a pay-as-you-go basis so as to limit the amount of outstanding debt.

As a result of these efforts and adherence to the above guidelines, the Town adopted a General Fund budget of \$99,317 for 2013-2014, which represents an increase of \$2,787 thousand or 2.9% as compared to the 2012-2013 amended budget. Increased property taxes of approximately \$2,650 thousand combined with a \$2.8 million appropriation from fund balance will supplement nontax revenues.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Branford, P.O. Box 150, and 1019 Main Street, Branford, Connecticut 06405 or visit the Branford's website at www.Branford-ct.gov.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

	-	Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,695,894
Investments		3,530,167
Receivables, net		10,470,484
Inventory		13,503
Prepaid items		98,831
Net pension asset		303,892
Net OPEB asset		562,100
Capital assets not being depreciated		16,483,079
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		116,436,949
Total assets	-	198,594,899
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		4,912,165
Unearned revenue		4,373,312
Bond anticipation notes payable		5,910,000
Other		482,701
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		7,678,828
Due in more than one year		51,543,825
Total liabilities	- -	74,900,831
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		80,661,112
Restricted for Trusts:		, ,
Expendable		158,168
Nonexpendable		100,420
Unrestricted	-	42,774,368
Total Net Position	\$	123,694,068

Net (Expense)

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Pr	ogram Revenue	es			Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	-	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Interest expense	\$ 6,338,133 17,804,760 13,965,311 3,119,527 3,620,538 61,594,239 1,217,803 \$ 107,660,311	\$ - =	1,329,263 2,828,528 3,407,980 354,544 369,837 2,035,113	\$ 	68,740 183,518 1,212,267 90,446 1,246,987 11,454,175 75,999	\$	484,439 31,418 368,939 68,050	\$	(4,455,691) (14,761,296) (8,976,125) (2,606,487) (2,003,714) (48,104,951) (1,141,804) (82,050,068)
	-	87,265,613 1,276,777 153,090 615,168 89,310,648 7,260,580							
	Change in Net Position a	at Be	ginning of Yea	r				\$	116,433,488

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

	-	General	Capital Projects		Sewer Assessment	=	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,138,046 \$	3,480,395	\$	2,750,842	\$	7,030,663	\$	39,399,946
Investments		3,282,467					247,700		3,530,167
Receivables, net		6,984,607			652,912		2,332,160		9,969,679
Due from other funds		188,890	3,921,006				106,019		4,215,915
Inventories							13,503		13,503
Other assets	-	29,562		_		_		_	29,562
Total Assets	\$ _	36,623,572 \$	7,401,401	\$	3,403,754	\$	9,730,045	\$_	57,158,772
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables	\$	3,308,860 \$	144,094	\$	2,100	\$	976,408	\$	4,431,462
Due to other funds		2,862,268	188,890		1,100,000		64,757		4,215,915
Deferred revenue		8,331,597			652,912		925,769		9,910,278
Bond anticipation notes payable			5,910,000						5,910,000
Other		482,701						_	482,701
Total liabilities	_	14,985,426	6,242,984	_	1,755,012	_	1,966,934	_	24,950,356
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		29,562					113,923		143,485
Restricted			541,972		1,648,742		2,432,762		4,623,476
Committed		851,282					5,314,238		6,165,520
Assigned		3,284,951							3,284,951
Unassigned		17,472,351	616,445				(97,812)	_	17,990,984
Total fund balances	_	21,638,146	1,158,417	_	1,648,742	_	7,763,111	_	32,208,416
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ _	36,623,572 \$	7,401,401	\$	3,403,754	\$	9,730,045	\$_	57,158,772

(Continued on next page)

\$ 123,694,068

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2013

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)		\$	32,208,416
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 244,583,910 (111,663,882)		132,920,028
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:			
Net OPEB asset Net pension asset Property tax receivables greater than 60 days Interest receivable on property taxes Assessments receivable Housing loans receivable Receivable from the state for school construction projects Bond issuance costs Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.			562,100 303,892 2,116,841 1,009,333 863,178 428,823 1,118,791 69,269
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Bonds and notes payable Interest payable on bonds and notes			(49,190,318) (327,567)
Compensated absences Capital lease Bond premium Deferred charges on refunding Landfill		_	(4,202,754) (577,980) (612,474) 137,168 (1,560,000)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	General	_	Capital Projects	_	Sewer Assessment		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	87,473,879	\$		\$		\$		\$	87,473,879
Assessments and interest						232,787		2,627,271		2,860,058
Intergovernmental		9,900,481		524,978				5,786,465		16,211,924
Charges for services		4,201,947						2,140,561		6,342,508
Income on investments		124,624		1,304		1,596		22,109		149,633
Miscellaneous	_	2,194,566		124,841	_	706	_	402,829	_	2,722,942
Total revenues	_	103,895,497	_	651,123	_	235,089	_	10,979,235	=	115,760,944
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		4,771,186		130,241				13,152		4,914,579
Public safety		10,793,075						408,508		11,201,583
Public works and highway		4,971,127				14,341		3,541,278		8,526,746
Parks, recreation and libraries		2,285,126		42,147				367,119		2,694,392
Health and human services		1,798,016						718,847		2,516,863
Education		56,100,841						4,584,845		60,685,686
Pension and insurance		10,802,375								10,802,375
Capital outlay				5,622,325				420,273		6,042,598
Debt service		7,257,251		10,887	_		_		_	7,268,138
Total expenditures	_	98,778,997	_	5,805,600	_	14,341	_	10,054,022	-	114,652,960
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	5,116,500	_	(5,154,477)	_	220,748	. <u>-</u>	925,213	_	1,107,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		482,264		2,665,468				1,092,346		4,240,078
Transfers out		(3,301,057)		2,000,.00				(939,021)		(4,240,078)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,818,793)	_	2,665,468	_	-	-	153,325	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,297,707		(2,489,009)		220,748		1,078,538		1,107,984
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	19,340,439	_	3,647,426	_	1,427,994	_	6,684,573	_	31,100,432
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	21,638,146	\$_	1,158,417	\$_	1,648,742	\$	7,763,111	\$	32,208,416

(Continued on next page)

1,500,904

\$ 7,260,580

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Through reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Estates II) are different occurrent.	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ 1,107,984
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	4,302,265 (5,012,043)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	303,400
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	
School building grant receipts Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change Net OPEB asset Housing loans receivable Net pension asset	(692,005) (186,013) (22,228) (105,876) (68,900) (141,038) 28,411
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Bond and note principal payments Capital lease payments	5,774,780 199,808
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences Accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Landfill post closure care	235,384 35,918 (25,767) (14,583) 80,179 (40,000)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,295,948
Accounts receivable	500,805
Total assets	11,796,753
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	153,136
Risk management claims	3,216,295
Total liabilities	3,369,431
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	\$ 8,427,322

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	_
Operating Payanues:		_
Operating Revenues: Contributions for benefits	\$ 13,326,242	
Other	338,296	
Total contributions	13,664,538	_
Operating Expenses:		
Benefit claims	10,653,199	
Claims administration	1,513,892	
Total operating expenses	12,167,091	_
Operating Income	1,497,447	
Nonoperating Revenue:		
Income on investments	3,457	_
Change in Net Position	1,500,904	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	6,926,418	
Net Position at End of Year	\$8,427,322	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from operating funds \$	13,352,079
Cash payments to providers of benefits and administration	(11,585,604)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,766,475
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Income on investments	3,457
	1.500.000
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,769,932
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	9,526,016
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$	11,295,948
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by	
Operating Activities:	
Operating income \$	1,497,447
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities: Increase in receivables	(312,459)
Increase in accounts payable	581,487
mercuse in accounts payable	J01, T 0/
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$	1,766,475

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

		Pension Trust Fund		Retiree Benefits Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets:			_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,776	\$	1,040,700	\$	1,685,195
Investments - mutual funds		10,708,304		4,114,354		423,152
Investments - bonds		9,070,600		2,165,303		
Accounts receivable	_	6,532	-		_	_
Total assets	_	19,825,212	-	7,320,357	\$_	2,108,347
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable				1,380		
Due to students and others	_		_		\$	2,108,347
Total liabilities	_		-	1,380	\$_	2,108,347
Net Position: Held in Trust for Pension or Retiree Benefits	\$_	19,825,212	\$	7,318,977		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-	Pension Trust Fund		Retiree Benefits Trust Fund
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	925,959	\$	1,584,500
Plan members	_	287,326	_	735,777
Total contributions	_	1,213,285	_	2,320,277
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		899,229		312,690
Interest and dividends	_	607,740	_	116,164
Net investment income	_	1,506,969		428,854
Total additions	-	2,720,254	_	2,749,131
Deductions:				
Benefits		1,285,132		1,275,580
Administration	_	81,419	_	9,511
Total deductions	-	1,366,551		1,285,091
Net Increase in Net Position		1,353,703		1,464,040
Net Position at the Beginning of Year	_	18,471,509		5,854,937
Net Position at the End of Year	\$ _	19,825,212	\$	7,318,977

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Branford (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Representative Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of Government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Administrative, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Recreation, Libraries, Education and Public Improvements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The major sources of revenue for this fund are capital grants and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

The Sewer Assessment Fund is used to account for the financial resources related to the sewer assessment projects. The major source of revenue for this fund is sewer assessment charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self-insured activities of the Town.

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the Branford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees.

The Retiree Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the retiree health benefits provided by the Town, which accumulates resources for retiree health insurance payments to qualified retirees.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Automobile levies and amounts under \$100 are due in one installment. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	45
Land improvements	20
Infrastructure	20-60
Vehicles	6-12
Office equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	5-7

H. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 225 days, depending upon the contracts in force, for each department in the Town until termination, retirement or death, at which time payments will be made. The liability is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Payments at termination are charged to the General Fund.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Net position is restricted because of externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Finance).

Assigned Fund Balance - For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the First Selectman.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

A budget for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are authorized annually by the Town. The Board of Finance recommends and the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) approves the budget.

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the General Fund and specific Special Revenue Funds (Sewer Assessment, Water Assessment, Open Space Fund, Board of Education Program Fund and Day Care). As required by Town Charter, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review and discuss the proposed annual Town budget no later than two weeks before the Annual Budget Meeting of the RTM. The Board of Finance then recommends and submits a formal annual appropriations budget to the RTM. The RTM must take action on the adoption of the appropriations recommended by the Board of Finance at the Annual Budget Meeting, which must be held no later than the Friday following the second Tuesday of May. Thereafter, but no later than June 1, the Board of Finance shall determine the rate of taxation for the ensuing fiscal year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the line item level for all budgeted funds. The Board of Finance, upon the request of individual departments, offices or agencies, may approve and must recommend all transfers to the RTM. No recommended transfer by the Board of Finance shall be effective unless approved by the RTM. There were supplemental appropriations from fund balance and revised revenue estimates of \$1,001,300 for legal fees, heart and hypertension contributions, leases and police special duty.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end except for those in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The Building Usage Fund and Cafeteria fund, nonmajor special revenue funds, had deficit fund balances of \$25 and \$84,284, respectively. The Heart and Hypertension Fund, an internal service fund, had a deficit of \$398,792. These deficits will be funded by future transfers, grants, charges for services or permanent financing.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$36,821,564 of the Town's bank balance of \$43,144,965 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	10,425,413
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name, and		
amounts held by third party banks in the Town's name		26,396,151
	-	_
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$	36,821,564

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2013, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$15,465,432. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Cutwater - Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (CLASS)	AAAm

Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the Town had the following investments:

					Inves	tme	ent Maturitie	es (Y	Years)
	Credit		Fair		Less				More
Investment Type	Rating		Value		Than 1		1 - 10		Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:									
U.S. Treasury bonds	N/A	\$	2,254,788	\$		\$	1,726,974	\$	527,814
Certificates of deposit*	N/A	Ψ	3,282,465	Ψ	1,868,801	Ψ	1,413,664	Ψ	027,011
Other debt securities	AAA		1,489,736		1,000,001		55,949		1,433,787
Corporate bonds	A-AAA		6,691,045		1,008,805		5,127,759		554,481
Corporate bonds	B-BBB-		800,334		275,594		524,740		.,
		-		_					
Total			14,518,368	\$	3,153,200	\$_	8,849,086	\$	2,516,082
Other investments:									
Common stock			21,039						
Police Pension Fund and Volunteer Firemen Pension: Open ended mutual finds									
and exchange traded funds		-	15,472,473	_					
Total Investments		\$_	30,011,880	=					

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

N/A Not applicable

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy over pension investments that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town's policy over nonpension investments limits the dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to one year, and it limits individual maturities to five years.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one private corporation debt issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2013, the Town had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	 Sewer Assessments	_	Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Receivables:							
Interest	\$	1,009,333	\$	\$		\$	1,009,333
Taxes		2,976,845					2,976,845
Accounts		1,965,438			615,816		2,581,254
Special assessments			652,912		207,096		860,008
Intergovernmental		1,546,608			1,587,762		3,134,370
Loans	_			_	428,823	_	428,823
Gross receivables		7,498,224	652,912	_	2,839,497		10,990,633
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	(513,617)					(513,617)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	6,984,607	\$ 652,912	\$_	2,839,497	\$	10,477,016

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Unavailable		Unearned
\$ 2,116,841	\$	
1,009,333		
863,178		
		1,247,579
1,118,791		
428,823		
		3,125,733
\$ 5,536,966	\$	4,373,312
\$	\$ 2,116,841 1,009,333 863,178 1,118,791 428,823	\$ 2,116,841 \$ 1,009,333 863,178 1,118,791 428,823

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Transfers		s Decreases		Ending Balance
	•		_				•		•	
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	12.057.960	\$	624,900	¢		\$		\$	12 692 760
	Ф	13,057,869	Ф	024,900	Ф		Ф		Ф	13,682,769 596,800
Intangible assets Construction in progress		596,800 11,920,078		1,668,567		(11,385,135)				2,203,510
Total capital assets not being depreciated	•	25,574,747	-		-	(11,385,135)				16,483,079
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	23,374,747	-	2,293,467	-	(11,363,133)	-		-	10,465,079
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		103,846,285		1,180,212		10,688,802				115,715,299
Improvements other than buildings		1,617,501		495,396		176,925				2,289,822
Machinery and equipment		24,324,755		636,590				(99,472)		24,861,873
Infrastructure		84,759,398				519,408		(44,969)		85,233,837
Total capital assets being depreciated		214,547,939	-	2,312,198	_	11,385,135		(144,441)		228,100,831
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		32,871,864		2,385,165						35,257,029
Improvements other than buildings		796,403		84,362						880,765
Machinery and equipment		15,429,701		1,124,173				(99,472)		16,454,402
Infrastructure		57,698,312		1,418,343				(44,969)		59,071,686
Total accumulated depreciation		106,796,280	_	5,012,043	_	-	-	(144,441)		111,663,882
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	107,751,659	. <u>-</u>	(2,699,845)	_	11,385,135				116,436,949
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	133,326,406	\$	(406,378)	\$		\$		\$	132,920,028

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 141,758
Public safety	584,629
Public works	2,645,387
Parks, recreation and libraries	63,454
Health and welfare	35,605
Education	1,541,210
	_
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,012,043

Active Capital Projects

The Town has active projects as of June 30, 2013. The projects include the following:

Project	Appropriation	Cumulative Expenditures	Encumbrances	Available Balance
Branford HS Track \$	400,000	\$ 369,199	\$	30,801
High School Renovations	26,577,000	26,568,026		8,974
WIS Roof & Window Replacement	2,100,000	1,961,133		138,867
Capital Projects Fund	21,400,032	18,499,376	196,012	2,704,644
Blackstone Library Renovations	1,165,000	1,164,681		319
Queach Property Acq.	3,795,000	3,795,000		-
Tabor Drive Acquisition	13,875,000	13,806,775	7,465	60,760
Town Hall Renovation	3,615,000	3,613,024		1,976
Fire Apparatus Fund	2,841,549	2,678,983	2,576	159,990
Trolley Trail	51,329	49,402		1,927
DPW Apparatus	1,154,547	797,184	7,350	350,013
Ambulance Fund	1,019,557	967,875		51,682
Elderly Commission Vehicle Replacement	180,000	59,745		120,255
Municipal Facilities Fund	15,325,515	14,847,114	194,896	283,505
Board of Education Facilities Fund	1,929,511	929,381		1,000,130
Land Acquisition Fund	1,110,276	1,101,517		8,759
Infrastructure Enhancement Fund	3,580,000	852,512	133,673	2,593,815

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Interfund Receivable Interfund Payal			Amount		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	106,019		
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		2,756,249		
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		64,757		
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		188,890		
Capital Projects Fund	Sewer Assessment Fund	_	1,100,000		
Total		\$	4,215,915		

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

Interfund transfers:

		Transfers In								
		General		Capital	Nonmajor			Total		
	_	Fund	_	Projects	(Governmental	T	ransfers Out		
Transfers out:			_							
General Fund	\$		\$	2,208,711	\$	1,092,346	\$	3,301,057		
Nonmajor Governmental	_	482,264	_	456,757	_		_	939,021		
Total Transfers In	\$_	482,264	\$_	2,665,468	\$_	1,092,346	\$_	4,240,078		

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	•	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions	_	Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	36,950,000 \$		\$	4,340,000	\$	32,610,000	\$ 4,490,000
Clean water notes		18,015,098			1,434,780		16,580,318	1,450,004
Less deferred amounts:								
On refunding		(162,935)			(25,767)		(137,168)	
For issuance premiums		692,653		-	80,179	_	612,474	
Total bonds and notes payable		55,494,816			5,829,192		49,665,624	5,940,004
Landfill closure		1,520,000	40,000				1,560,000	160,000
Compensated absences		4,438,138	15,768		251,152		4,202,754	181,286
Risk management claims		2,655,961	560,334				3,216,295	1,189,350
Capital leases		777,788			199,808	_	577,980	 208,188
Total Governmental Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	64,886,703 \$	616,102	\$	6,280,152	\$_	59,222,653	\$ 7,678,828

A schedule of bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2013 is presented below:

	Balance June 30, 2012	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2013
General Obligation:				
School, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2015	\$ 2,480,000	\$	1,100,000	\$ 1,380,000
School, 2.0-4.0%, mature on 2015	1,767,000		589,000	1,178,000
School, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2018	808,000		151,000	657,000
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2025	1,876,000		98,000	1,778,000
Public improvement sewer, 0.85-	, ,			, ,
4.0%, mature in 2018	1,617,000		302,000	1,315,000
Public improvement, 2.0-4.0%,	, ,		ŕ	
mature in 2018	2,978,000		526,000	2,452,000
Public improvement, 3.375-5.0%,	, ,		ŕ	
mature in 2025	10,094,000		527,000	9,567,000
Public improvement, 2.0-4.0%,	, ,		ŕ	
mature in 2026	13,080,000		625,000	12,455,000
Special Assessment:	, ,			
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2016	100,000		20,000	80,000
Sewer, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2018	2,150,000		402,000	1,748,000
Total Bonds	36,950,000		4,340,000	32,610,000
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,				
mature in 2013	13,561		13,561	-
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,	,			
mature in 2019	472,046		71,622	400,424
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,	,			,
mature in 2022	10,773,822		956,564	9,817,258
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%	, ,		ŕ	
mature in 2027	4,752,516		281,671	4,470,845
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%				
mature in 2028	2,003,153		111,362	1,891,791
Total Bonds and Notes	\$ 54,965,098	\$\$	5,774,780	\$ 49,190,318

The following is a summary of debt maturities for repayment of bonds and notes:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		_	Total
2011						
2014	\$	5,940,004	\$	1,262,636	\$	7,202,640
2015		5,179,272		1,092,145		6,271,417
2016		4,729,130		931,387		5,660,517
2017		4,419,591		798,226		5,217,817
2018		4,310,667		680,369		4,991,036
2019-2023		16,313,158		2,106,136		18,419,294
2024-2028		8,298,496	_	428,613	_	8,727,109
					_	·
Total	\$	49,190,318	\$_	7,299,512	\$_	56,489,830

Clean Water Fund Notes

The Town is currently participating in a Capital Project (Wastewater Design Project) under the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund established in accordance with Section 22a-477 of the General Statutes of Connecticut. The Clean Water Fund is administered by the State Department of Environmental Protection and provides grant and loan funds to municipalities for "eligible water quality project costs." The notes carry an interest rate of 2%.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

All bonds and notes are classified as general obligations of the Town.

Bonds Authorized Unissued

The Town had bonds authorized unissued for various projects as follows:

<u>Project</u>	· -	Authorization	-	Bonds Previously Issued and Paydowns	 Bonds Authorized Unissued
Tabor Drive	\$	13,875,000	\$	10,900,000	\$ 2,975,000
WIS Roof and Windows		2,100,000		1,714,897	385,103
School Ground and Road Bridge		2,250,000		333,875	1,916,125
Police, Department of Public Works and					
Waste Water Treatment Plant					
Communications Improvements		1,650,000			1,650,000
Board of Education Capital Projects		1,700,000		750,000	950,000

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	_				
Category		Debt Limit	 Indebtedness*		Balance
General purpose	\$	200,233	\$ 28,764	\$	171,469
Schools		400,465	7,125*		393,340
Sewers		333,721	18,408		315,313
Urban renewal		289,225			289,225
Pension deficit		266,977			266,977

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$622,946.

^{*} Total school indebtedness has been reduced by State of Connecticut Building Grants commitments of \$1,119.

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of equipment. Principal payments for 2013 were \$199,808. Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2014	\$ 223,734
2015	108,003
2016	108,003
2017	108,003
2018	72,003
Total minimum lease payments	619,746
Less amount representing interest	(41,766)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 577,980

Bond Anticipation Notes

The following is a schedule of changes in bond anticipation notes for the year ended June 30, 2013:

Project	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)		Balance July 1, 2012	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2013
Tabor Drive Land Acquisition	8/18/2011	8/16/2012	1.5	\$	2,975,000 \$	\$	2,975,000 \$	-
Tabor Drive Land Acquisition	8/16/2012	8/15/2013	1.5			2,975,000		2,975,000
Walsh Intermediate School Roof								
and Window Replacement	8/16/2012	8/15/2013	1.5			385,000		385,000
Police, Department of Public Works								
and Waste Water Treatment Plant								
Communications Improvements	8/16/2012	8/15/2013	1.5			1,650,000		1,650,000
Board of Education Capital Projects	8/16/2012	8/15/2013	1.5	_		900,000		900,000
				\$	2,975,000 \$	5,910,000	S 2,975,000 \$	5,910,000

The notes are reported in the Capital Projects Fund and will be retired or permanently financed.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but, as of July 1, 2000, has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation claims. The Town's claims for risks covered by insurance have not exceeded covered losses during the past three years.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report the self-insurance activity. Workers Compensated Trust Services administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town's general government and the Board of Education, contribute based on estimates using historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$500,000 per employee per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

The claims liability of \$1,080,910 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2013 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows for the last two years:

_	Liability July 1,		and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,
2011-12 \$ 2012-13	944,321 754,439	\$	652,283 1,155,149	\$ 842,165 828,678	\$	754,439 1,080,910

The Heart and Hypertension Fund was established to account for the self-insured activities of the Town related to heart and hypertension claims. The claims liability of \$1,359,439 at June 30, 2013 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	-	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
2011-12	\$	1,302,550	\$ (18,643)	\$ 64,898	\$ 1,219,009
2012-13		1,219,009	264,836	124,406	1,359,439

The Town created the Medical Self-Insurance Fund at the end of 2006. The fund will be used to pay claims for prescription drug costs and dental benefits. The claims liability of \$775,946 at June 30, 2013 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,	
2011-12 2012-13	\$	505,141 682,513	\$ 10,318,554 10,603,883	\$ 10,141,182 10,510,450	\$ 682,513 775,946	

9. BULKY WASTE LANDFILL

The Town landfill at the intersection of Tabor Drive and Marshall Road stopped accepting bulky waste from the Town transfer station on June 29, 2012. State and federal laws and regulations require the Town of Branford to place final cover on the landfill, and each year the Town appropriates funds for the placement of final cover on completed sections. Capping of the final acre was started in FY 2012. The total area of the landfill for which final cover has been applied is estimated at 95%. Completion of closure is scheduled for spring of 2014.

Closure costs will be incurred in fiscal year 2014 as the upcoming closure contract is bid and executed. Annual appropriations will continue to be placed in the special programs fund for the continual maintenance and monitoring of the landfill. The balance of this account is currently \$402,704 including encumbrances.

It is anticipated that the closure costs, including building demolition, drainage and grading improvements will be approximately \$325,000. Associated engineering costs including but not limited to the landfill gas investigation, permit compliance, construction assistance, and closure certification report is approximately \$35,000. Improvements to stormwater quality, landfill gas mitigation, and any additional closure requirements to comply with DEEP regulations might be required as part of closure activities, and is not included in the above estimate. The Town is required to monitor and maintain the landfill for thirty years after closure. The estimated annual cost for this postclosure activity is \$40,000. These costs will be funded through the General Fund on an annual basis. Regulatory changes may require additional appropriations throughout the life of the landfill.

A 77-acre parcel located north of the active landfill was purchased by the Town through eminent domain in 2004. It overlays a portion of, and may be impacted by, the leachate plume originating from the landfill. Since control of the plume and of any off-site gas migration is required, environmental investigations and mitigation have begun on this property. The funds for the project on this adjoining acreage are provided by bond proceeds which are separately addressed, but not totaled in past or future closure costs below. Environmental investigations on this large parcel are not confined to the area presumed to be impacted by the landfill, so only costs directly attributable to mitigation of landfill impacts have been mentioned in past notes. Routine quarterly testing of wells on this parcel are included in operating costs and in future monitoring costs.

Summary of Estimated Total Cost of Remaining Closure and Postclosure Care

Final Cover Cost and Grading Cost	\$	325,000
Engineering Costs		35,000
Postclosure Care Costs (30 years):		
Inspection and Maintenance of Final Cover (\$16,500 annually)		495,000
Monitoring Program, Groundwater, Methane & Stormwater		
(\$23,500 annually)		705,000
	-	
Total	\$	1,560,000

10. JOINT VENTURES

Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee

The Town is a participant with 13 other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC). BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of contracting municipalities in dealing with the waste-to-energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.). The governing board consists of Town officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities, and assumes all the management decisions. The Town of Branford has an obligation to appropriate funds in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations created pursuant to the Intercommunity Agreement dated as of August 15, 1985. These obligations deal with guarantees to meet certain tonnage requirements. The Town expenditures to BRRFOC amounted to \$765,520 this year. General Fund fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 as reflected in BRRFOC's financial statements is \$6.4 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut.

Under the Service Agreement, the service fee is an obligation of the Contracting Muncipalities to which each has pledged its full faith and credit. Should any Contracting Municipality default in its obligation to pay the service fee, the other Contracting Municipalities shall have an obligation to continue to pay the aggregate service fee. If BRRFOC does not perform its obligations under the service agreement, and Ogden Corporation (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) fails to perform such obligations pursuant to its guarantee, the Contracting Municipalities have certain rights to terminate the service agreement and, upon termination, would no longer be obligated to pay the service fee.

By special legislation enacted in 2001, Special Act No. 01-10, An Act to Permit the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee to Finance Projects and Refund Previously Issued Bonds, BRRFOC is permitted to finance projects including additions, renovations or improvements to the Facility, recycling facility and similar activities required to provide solid waste and recycling services to the Contracting Municipalities. The total amount of bonds issued by BRRFOC and outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Police Employees Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund.

The Town provides police retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all regular members of the Police Department are eligible. Participants are 100% vested after five years of service. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the highest annual salary out of the last three years immediately prior to retirement multiplied by up to 33-1/3 years of service. Police officers are required to contribute 8.5% of their base salaries to the PERS. The Plan provides for automatic post-retirement increases on retiree pensions up to a maximum of 66-2/3% of pay. If an employee leaves covered employment before five years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Representative Town Meeting.

At July 1, 2011 (date of latest valuation), PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	35
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	4
Active plan members	50
Total	89

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchange of investments are recognized on the transaction date. There are no investments in any organization that represent 5% or more of net position available for benefits.

C. Funding Status and Progress

Police officers are required to contribute 8.5% of base pay to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees as determined by its actuaries; the contribution rate for the current year was 6.0% of covered payroll.

D. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Town's Retirement System for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	889,632
Interest on net pension obligation		(20,661)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		24,618
	_	
Annual pension cost		893,589
Contributions made		922,000
Increase in net pension obligation		(28,411)
Net pension asset at beginning of year		(275,481)
Net Pension Asset at End of Year	\$	(303,892)

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

July 1, 2011
Projected Unit Credit
Level dollar
20 years closed
5 years smoothed asset value
7.25%
4.0%
3.0%

E. Trend Information

 scal ear	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	<u>-</u>	Actual Contribution
 30/11	\$ 1,020,357	86.9%	\$ (361,464)	\$	887,078
 30/12 30/13	1,045,983 893,589	91.8 103.2	(275,481) (303,892)		960,000 922,000

Pension Plan Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	 (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	 Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/01/07	\$ 14,044,381	\$	18,061,498	\$ (4,017,117)	77.8%	\$ 3,506,416	114.6%
7/01/09	15,681,847		20,691,823	(5,009,976)	75.8	3,993,027	125.5
7/01/11	16,516,711		24,236,343	(7,719,632)	68.1	4,217,112	183.1

Schedule of Employer Contributions

		Annual	
Year Ended	<u> </u>	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/08	\$	781,134	103%
6/30/09		773,105	104
6/30/10		793,742	139
6/30/11		1,014,103	87
6/30/12		1,041,413	92
6/30/13		889,632	104

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is presented in Section D above.

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

All Town of Branford full-time employees, except the Police Department employees, elected officials and certified teachers and administrators, participate in the Connecticut Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund B (MERF), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Chapter 113 Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERF is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 or by calling 860-702-3480.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required by State Statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 12.79% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to MERF for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$2,144,563, \$2,065,555, and \$1,683,907, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Teacher Retirement

All Town teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut which has a multiple employer PERS.

A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has:

- Attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or;
- Attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$24,035,298.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State of Connecticut based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of actuarially computed unfunded liability. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town has recorded in the General Fund intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$5,040,878 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the Retire Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses under a single employer plan. The Retirement Benefit Program covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the Town's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

At July 1, 2012, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Post-Retirement Medical Program
Retired members and spouses Active plan members	126 585
Total Participants	711

B. Funding Policy

The Town of Branford's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in the Retiree Benefits Trust Fund. The Town has established the trust effective July 2009 to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town has transferred the assets accumulated in a special revenue fund to the trust fund and will gradually increase future contributions to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability while maintaining a negative net OPEB obligation (asset).

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits for the following groups of employees: Police, Fire, Other Municipal Employees, Board of Education certified and Board of Education noncertified. A summary of the plan provisions is as follows:

- Eligibility for benefits for Police and Fire range from 10 to 25 years of service at time of retirement determined by union contract and date of hire.
- Medical benefits for Police and Fire range from 100% cost of coverage for the retiree and 50% coverage for their spouse until the employee's death, 100% coverage for retiree only depending on date of hire and union contract.
- The remaining employee groups are eligible pursuant to their bargaining unit and date of hire to purchase coverage for 100% of the cost set forth for active members within their bargaining unit.
- Life insurance benefits are not offered.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Branford's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	_	Retiree Benefit Program
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	1,651,000 (47,300) 49,700
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	_	1,653,400 1,584,500
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB asset at beginning of year	_	68,900 (631,000)
Net OPEB Asset at End of Year	\$ _	(562,100)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, are presented below.

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Asset
6/30/13 6/30/12	\$ 1,653,400 1,617,000	\$ 1,584,500 1,276,100	95.83% 78.92%	\$	562,100 631,000
6/30/11	2,002,800	1,503,300	75.06%		971,900

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/08	\$	-	\$ 16,496,800	\$ (16,496,800)	0%	\$	41,807,100	(39.46%)
7/1/10		4,134,000	17,271,300	(13,137,300)	23.94%		39,028,800	(33.66%)
7/1/12		5,856,346	20,977,792	(15,121,446)	27.92%		39,169,500	(38.61%)

Schedule of Employer Contribution

Fiscal Year	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/13	\$ 1,651,000	95.97%
6/30/12	1,613,400	79.09%
6/30/11	1,997,300	75.27%
6/30/10	1,955,400	65.48%

In the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.25% investment rate of return as a trust fund is in existence, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate varies by age and between the various groups and ranges from 0% to 4.2%. The general inflation assumption is 9% for 2012, declining 1% per year until 2016, where it is carried at 5% for 2016 and future years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected unit credit on an open basis.

13. FUND BALANCES

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

			_	M Special Re	ajo ver					
	_	General Fund		Capital Projects		Sewer Assessment	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	l 	Total
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	13,503	\$	13,503
Prepaid items		29,562								29,562
Permanent fund principal								100,420		100,420
Restricted for:										
Capital projects				541,972		1,648,742				2,190,714
Unspent grant balances								2,274,176		2,274,176
Cat room expansion								418		418
Permanent funds								158,168		158,168
Committed to:										
Public works lease		125,000								125,000
Tabor drive fees		665,000								665,000
General government								357,632		357,632
Public safety								94,236		94,236
Public works and highway								3,823,274		3,823,274
Parks, recreation and libraries								499,554		499,554
Health and human services								534,130		534,130
Education		61,282						5,412		66,694
Assigned to:										
Subsequent year's budget		2,825,000								2,825,000
Purchases on order		459,951								459,951
Unassigned	_	17,472,351		616,445	_		_	(97,812)		17,990,984
Total Fund Balances	\$_	21,638,146	\$	1,158,417	\$	1,648,742	\$	7,763,111	\$	32,208,416

Significant encumbrances of \$459,951 and \$541,972 at June 30, 2013 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund and the restricted category of the Capital Projects Fund, respectively.

14. LITIGATION

The Town of Branford, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in various lawsuits. Following consultation with the Town Attorney and other attorneys advising the Town, Town officials are of the opinion that all pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town issued \$5,075,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes dated August 15, 2013 for various projects. The notes will mature on August 14, 2014 and bear interest at a rate of 1.0%.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Budgeted Amounts		•		Variance	
	-	Original	_	Final		Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Taxes:							
Current Taxes	\$	84,399,665	\$	84,399,665	\$	85,450,722	\$ 1,051,057
Interest Income		475,000		475,000		675,759	200,759
Lien Fees		6,000		6,000		8,481	2,481
Suspense Collections		8,000		8,000		8,249	249
Delinquent Taxes		725,000		725,000		1,303,464	578,464
Warrant Fees						547	547
Returned Check Fees						25	25
Attorney Fees	_		_		_	26,632	 26,632
Total taxes	_	85,613,665	-	85,613,665		87,473,879	 1,860,214
Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Education Cost Sharing		1,824,612		1,824,612		1,853,634	29,022
School Transportation		78,981		78,981		73,236	(5,745)
Health and Welfare		11,000		11,000		2,535	(8,465)
Principal Subsidy		318,093		318,093		692,004	373,911
Interest Subsidy		69,686		69,686		76,000	6,314
Circuit Breaker Elderly		176,000		176,000		214,722	38,722
Elderly Tax Relief - Freeze		10,800		10,800		10,000	(800)
Disability Exemption		2,400		2,400		2,941	541
Veterans' Reimbursement		25,357		25,357		27,692	2,335
Manufacturing PILOT Grant		275,000		275,000		297,482	22,482
Pequot Grant		57,736		57,736		61,140	3,404
Private Property Exemption		114,615		114,615		114,175	(440)
State Property Exemption		55,990		55,990		55,279	(711)
State Counseling Grants		100,000		100,000		122,443	22,443
Miscellaneous State Grants						55,602	55,602
Municipal Video Competition Grant						27,805	27,805
Municipal Revenue Sharing Grant						145,554	145,554
Wildlife Refuge		1,600		1,600		1,720	120
North Branford Sewer Fees	_	165,000	_	165,000		198,301	 33,301
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	3,286,870	-	3,286,870		4,032,265	 745,395

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Budgeted Amounts				Variance	
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Licenses, Permits and Fees:							
Building Permits	\$	425,000	\$	425,000	\$	531,821	\$ 106,821
Excavation Permits		4,000		4,000		8,190	4,190
Sewer Connection Permits		100		100		134	34
Other Licenses and Permits		100		100			(100)
Zoning Board of Appeals		1,900		1,900		2,275	375
Planning and Zoning		18,000		18,000		18,857	857
Map Copies - Building and Engineering		900		900		1,756	856
Inland Wetlands Applications		7,000		7,000		12,450	5,450
DEP Application Costs		240		240		406	166
Education Fee		295		295		455	160
Transfer Station Escrow		70,000		70,000		96,342	26,342
Trip Passes		2,600		2,600		2,229	(371)
Sticker Revenue		12,000		12,000		11,458	(542)
Permits and Tags - Police		21,000		21,000		24,111	3,111
Special Wages - Police		400,000		573,000		936,717	363,717
False Alarm Fees		6,000		6,000		7,200	1,200
Pump Out Services		4,200		4,200		8,225	4,025
Town Clerk Other Monies		293,000		293,000		352,835	59,835
Conveyance Taxes		291,000		291,000		305,254	14,254
DEP Licenses - Town Portion		650		650		372	(278)
Marriage Licenses - Town Portion		2,300		2,300		2,838	538
Dog Licenses		7,700		7,700		3,534	(4,166)
Ambulance Service Fees		1,450,000		1,450,000		1,534,100	84,100
Miscellaneous Permits and Fees - Fire Services		400		400		3,620	3,220
Counseling Fees and Services		395,000		395,000		323,390	(71,610)
Counseling - United Way Contribution						23	23
E-Commerce Revenue Share		1,600		1,600		7,763	6,163
North Branford Probate Fees		6,100		6,100		5,592	(508)
Total licenses, permits and fees	_	3,421,085	_	3,594,085	_	4,201,947	 607,862

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts			į.		Variance	
	_	Original	-	Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Interest Income	\$_	89,000	\$	89,000	\$_	124,528	\$ 35,528
Other:							
Willoughby - Wallace Library Fees		4,000		4,000		5,445	1,445
Willoughby - Passport Fees		1,300		1,300		5,495	4,195
Employee Health Insurance Co-pay		365,000		365,000		396,804	31,804
In Lieu of Taxes - Telephone Access		88,000		88,000		90,760	2,760
In Lieu of Taxes - SCRW		217,000		217,000		251,532	34,532
Leases		9,000		9,000		22,470	13,470
Building Usage						1,425	1,425
NGO Revenue						100	100
Insurance Claims and Refunds		10,000		343,300		1,021,867	678,567
Miscellaneous Refunds						147,754	147,754
Miscellaneous Income		10,000		10,000		92,657	82,657
Sale of Town Property		95,000		95,000		127,006	32,006
Reimbursement Town Services						618	618
Board of Education - Tuition Reimbursement						12,095	12,095
COBRA/Dental Reimbursement						12,740	12,740
Commerce Bank Revenue Share						5,643	5,643
Returned Check Fees						155	155
Under Liquidated Encumbrances	-	700 200	-	1 122 (00	_	82,997	 82,997
Total other	-	799,300	-	1,132,600	-	2,277,563	 1,144,963
Total revenues		93,209,920		93,716,220		98,110,182	4,393,962
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	_	495,760	-	495,760	_	482,264	 (13,496)
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$_	93,705,680	\$	94,211,980	1	98,592,446	\$ 4,380,466
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because							
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connectic	cut St	ate Teachers'				5 040 979	
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.						5,040,878	
Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is recorded as n revenue for budgetary reporting. This amount is excluded for						(02,007)	
reporting purposes.						(82,997)	
The Town does not budget for Board of Education severance	fund	revenues.				96	
The Board of Education does not budget for certain intergover which are credited against education expenditures for budget. These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditures for	tary r	reporting.					
reporting purposes.					_	827,338	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on t Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Gov Exhibit IV					\$_	104,377,761	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-	Budgeted Amounts						Variance
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
General Government:								
Legislative	\$	16,739	\$	16,739	\$	14,932	\$	1,807
Executive		342,559		342,559		331,389		11,170
Finance		71,753		71,753		59,748		12,005
Treasurer		393,543		397,543		390,948		6,595
Assessor		377,254		373,254		365,186		8,068
Review of Assessment		12,226		12,226		9,767		2,459
Tax Collector		298,056		503,056		490,668		12,388
Town Clerk		227,805		227,805		223,843		3,962
Law		355,000		608,737		593,222		15,515
Labor Relations Negotiations		70,000		70,000		51,221		18,779
Probate Court		12,100		12,100		8,062		4,038
Elections		134,450		142,130		134,777		7,353
Planning and Zoning		270,824		281,746		274,501		7,245
Zoning Board of Appeals		8,431		8,431		6,266		2,165
Development Commission		11,150		11,150		9,991		1,159
Inland Wetlands Commission		102,622		102,622		93,268		9,354
General Government Buildings		999,683		999,683		940,017		59,666
Cable Television		4,650		4,650		3,408		1,242
Information Technology		624,428		624,428		610,102		14,326
Human Resources	_	237,480		237,480	_	230,386	_	7,094
Total	_	4,570,753		5,048,092	_	4,841,702	_	206,390
Public Safety:								
Police Service		5,620,505		5,620,505		5,503,313		117,192
Police Service - Special Detail		400,000		573,000		572,825		175
Fire Protection		4,643,571		4,643,571		4,596,399		47,172
Building Department		159,422		159,422		156,779		2,643
Total	<u>-</u>	10,823,498		10,996,498	_	10,829,316	_	167,182
Public Works and Highways:								
Public Works		2,214,459		2,199,459		2,045,188		154,271
Sanitation and Waste		2,942,486		2,922,486		2,681,885		240,601
General Engineering		258,062		258,062		255,584		2,478
Total	_ _	5,415,007		5,380,007	_	4,982,657	-	397,350

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Budgete	mounts				Variance Positive	
	_	Original		Final		Actual	-	(Negative)
Recreation:								
Branford Recreation Department	\$	824,333	\$	824,333	\$	820,866	\$	3,467
Parker Park		67,112		67,112		59,011		8,101
Young's Park Commission		8,463		8,463		8,005		458
Docks and Recreational Facilities		12,285		12,285		8,653		3,632
Public Celebration		28,251		28,251		25,852		2,399
Conservation Commission	_	6,706		6,706	_	6,443	_	263
Total	_	947,150		947,150		928,830	_	18,320
Libraries:								
James Blackstone Memorial Library		1,179,164		1,179,164		1,179,164		-
Willoughby-Wallace Library	_	202,271		202,271	_	190,399	_	11,872
Total	_	1,381,435	-	1,381,435		1,369,563	_	11,872
Health and Welfare:								
Human Services		1,253,373		1,253,373		1,247,086		6,287
Commission for the Elderly		343,545		352,045		349,083		2,962
East Shore District Health	_	202,053		202,053		202,052		1
Total	_	1,798,971		1,807,471		1,798,221	_	9,250
Board of Education	_	50,297,604		50,297,604		50,232,625	_	64,979
Pension and Insurance:								
Pension and Contributions		3,735,274		3,650,274		3,494,886		155,388
Employee Group Insurance		5,146,053		5,286,053		5,286,053		-
Municipal Insurance		1,653,569		2,042,569		2,042,364		205
Contingency	_	637,617		11,515				11,515
Total	_	11,172,513		10,990,411		10,823,303	_	167,108
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		5,774,800		5,774,800		5,774,800		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,482,455		1,482,455		1,482,451		4
Total	_	7,257,255		7,257,255		7,257,251	_	4
Total expenditures	_	93,664,186		94,105,923		93,063,468	_	1,042,455

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-	Budgete	d A	mounts	_			Variance
	_	Original		Final		Actual	-	Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers to Other Funds:								
Special Revenue Fund:								
Animal Control Fund	\$	137,346	\$	137,346	\$	137,346	\$	-
Special Programs Fund		75,000		75,000		75,000		-
Sewer Utility Fund		600,000		600,000		600,000		-
Capital Projects Fund:		,		,		,		
Open Space Fund		30,300		30,300		30,300		-
Revaluation Fund		99,500		99,500		99,500		-
Ambulance		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Fire Apparatus		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Elderly Vehicles		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
DPW Apparatus		105,000		105,000		105,000		-
Capital Procurement Fund		1,639,348		2,198,911		2,198,911		-
Total other financing uses	-	2,866,494		3,426,057		3,426,057	-	
-	-	,	•		-		_	
Total Budgeted Operations	\$	96,530,680	\$	97,531,980	=	96,489,525	\$_	1,042,455
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expendi State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connect Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted	icut		•			5,040,878		
The Board of Education does not budget for certain interwhich are credited against education expenditures for b These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditure	udge	tary reporting.	ts			827,338		
reporting purposes.						827,338		
The Town does not budget for Lease fund transfers.						(125,000)		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, be financial reporting purposes.					_	(152,687)		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances				-				
Exhibit IV					\$	102,080,054		

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

	-	2013	_	2012
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,138,046	\$	22,016,281
Investments		3,282,467		4,078,678
Receivables:				
Taxes, net of allowance of \$513,617 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012		2,463,228		2,718,782
Interest		1,009,333		1,031,561
Intergovernmental		1,546,608		2,383,487
Other		1,965,438		738,786
Due from other funds		188,890		
Prepaid items	_	29,562	_	30,564
Total Assets	\$_	36,623,572	\$_	32,998,139
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	3,308,860	\$	1,771,504
Due to other funds		2,862,268		3,481,920
Deferred revenues		8,331,597		8,278,606
Other	_	482,701	_	125,670
Total liabilities	_	14,985,426	_	13,657,700
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable		29,562		30,564
Committed		851,282		61,284
Assigned		3,284,951		3,215,268
Unassigned		17,472,351		16,033,323
Total fund balance	_	21,638,146	_	19,340,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	36,623,572	\$_	32,998,139

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Grand	U	ncollected Taxes		Lawful	F	oreclosures and		Transfers to		Adjusted Taxes		Colle	otio	ne				Uncollected Taxes
List	Jı	uly 1, 2012		Corrections	A	djustments	_	Suspense		Collectible	Taxes	Interest		Liens		Total	_	June 30, 2013
1997	\$	15,148	\$		\$		\$		\$	15,148	\$	\$	\$		\$	_	\$	15,148
1998		21,684								21,684						-		21,684
1999		15,012								15,012	18	1		11		30		14,994
2000		21,110								21,110						-		21,110
2001		23,588								23,588						-		23,588
2002		52,882								52,882	3,762	1,168		48		4,978		49,120
2003		60,362								60,362	6,142	1,820		72		8,034		54,220
2004		65,362		37						65,399	7,053	5,076		72		12,201		58,346
2005		67,489								67,489	8,543	3,939		144		12,626		58,946
2006		93,036								93,036	26,039	16,139		312		42,490		66,997
2007		222,016		(71)				(91,922)		130,023	52,185	27,554		480		80,219		77,838
2008		453,573		(29,900)						423,673	144,363	67,638		912		212,913		279,310
2009		660,399		17,051						677,450	304,274	112,386		1,656		418,316		373,176
2010		1,447,958		9,417						1,457,375	822,075	168,962		3,839		994,876		635,300
2011	8	86,809,308	ji	(131,518)			_		-	86,677,790	85,450,722	 259,380	_	1,482	_	85,711,584	_	1,227,068
	\$	90,028,927	\$	(134,984)	\$_		\$_	(91,922)	\$	89,802,021	86,825,176	664,063		9,028		87,498,267	\$_	2,976,845
					S	uspense Coll	ectio	ons			8,249	 11,696	_	25	_	19,970		
					T	otal					\$ 86,833,425	\$ 675,759	\$_	9,053	\$_	87,518,237		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2013

	-									Specia	l Rev	venue								
								Board o	of E	lucation										
	-	Water Assessment		Program	. <u>-</u>	Day Care		Educational Grants	. <u>-</u>	Cafeteria	. <u>-</u>	Energy Efficiency	_	Building Usage		Small Cities Fund	_	Town Aid Road	_	Pass Through Grants
ASSETS																				
Cash and cash equivalents Investment	\$	12 207	\$	49,213	\$	329,921	\$	440,509	\$	119,298	\$	140	\$		\$	460,803	\$	441,666	\$	
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds		12,307						101,467 239,732 26,019		112,457						428,823				
Inventory	-				_		-		-	13,503	-		-		-		_		-	
Total Assets	\$	12,307	\$	49,213	\$_	329,921	\$	807,727	\$	245,258	\$_	140	\$	-	\$	889,626	\$	441,666	\$_	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																				
Liabilities:																				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$		\$	15,332	\$	6,310	\$	150,102	\$	329,542	\$		\$	25	\$	235,799	\$		\$	
Deferred revenue		12,307		15 222	_	6.210	-	28,892		220 542	_		_			500,188	_		_	
Total liabilities	-	12,307		15,332	_	6,310	-	178,994	-	329,542	-	-	-	25	-	735,987		<u> </u>	-	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable										13,503										
Restricted Committed				33,881		323,611		628,733				140				153,639		441,666		
Unassigned	_	-			_	323,011	_		_	(97,787)	_	140	_	(25)	_				_	
Total fund balance	-	-	-	33,881	_	323,611	-	628,733	-	(84,284)	-	140	-	(25)	-	153,639	_	441,666	-	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	12,307	\$	49,213	\$	329,921	\$	807,727	\$	245,258	\$	140	\$	-	\$	889,626	\$	441,666	\$_	-

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2013

	Special Revenue																		
	_	Park and Recreation	_	Special Programs		Counseling Center		Willoughby Wallace Library	_	Elderly Commission	=	Animal Control	Foote	<u>.</u> ,	Sewer Utility Fund	_	FEMA Fund	- =	Total
ASSETS																			
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	\$	593,712	\$	7,012 271,059	\$	86,457	\$	5,602 103,406	\$	451,409	\$	119,740 \$ 55,344	5,412	\$	3,117,493 194,789 408,395 446,392	\$	500,775 80,000	\$	6,914,869 103,406 744,398 1,587,762 552,411 13,503
Total Assets	\$	593,712	\$	971,565	\$	86,457	\$	109,008	\$	451,409	\$_	175,084 \$	5,412	\$	4,167,069	\$_	580,775	\$_	9,916,349
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	16,100 186,423 202,523	\$	52,635	\$	3,736	\$	643	\$	-	\$	15,673 \$ 64,757 8 0,430	-	\$	145,836 197,959 343,795	\$	3,200 446,367 449,567	\$	974,908 511,149 925,769 2,411,826
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		391,189		918,930		82,721		108,365		451,409		418 94,236	5,412		3,823,274		131,208		13,503 2,274,594 5,314,238 (97,812)
Total fund balance	-	391,189	-	918,930	-	82,721	-	108,365	-	451,409	-	94,654	5,412		3,823,274	=	131,208	_	7,504,523
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	593,712	\$	971,565	\$	86,457	\$	109,008	\$	451,409	\$	175,084 \$	5,412	\$	4,167,069	\$	580,775	\$_	9,916,349

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2013

		Permanent Fund												
	_	Damascus Cemetery	Leshine Scholarship			Caspar Block Scholarship	_	Gustaf Nelson Memorial	-	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant		Total	 Transfers/ Interfunds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	\$	6,606 144,294	\$	4,810	\$	5,168	\$	37,186	\$	62,024	\$	115,794 144,294 - - - -	\$ (446,392)	\$ 7,030,663 247,700 744,398 1,587,762 106,019 13,503
Total Assets	\$_	150,900	\$_	4,810	\$	5,168	\$	37,186	\$	62,024	\$_	260,088	\$ (446,392)	9,730,045
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,500	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	1,500 - - 1,500	\$ (446,392)	\$ 976,408 64,757 925,769 1,966,934
Fund Balance:														
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		1,500 147,900		4,000 810		5,000 168		30,000 7,186		59,920 2,104		100,420 158,168 -		113,923 2,432,762 5,314,238 (97,812)
Total fund balance	_	149,400	_	4,810	•	5,168		37,186	-	62,024	_	258,588	 -	7,763,111
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	150,900	\$_	4,810	\$	5,168	\$_	37,186	\$	62,024	\$	260,088	\$ (446,392)	\$9,730,045

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Sn	ecial	Rev	enne

				Board of			_	_		
	Water Assessment	Program	Day Care	Educational Grants	Cafeteria	Energy Efficiency	Building Usage	Small Cities	Town Aid Road	Pass Through Grants
Revenues: Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services Investment income Other Sale of food	\$ 18,499 \$ 3 1,462	61,065	366,401 67	\$ 3,250,522	\$ 406,032 8,029	\$ \$	\$ 51,403	\$ 401,765 141,038 139	\$ 199,933 525	379,480
Total revenues	19,964	61,065	366,468	3,250,522	1,143,511		51,403	542,942	200,458	379,480
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Capital outlay		53,643	391,795	2,859,773	1,214,566		51,403	22,329 420,273	152,941	379,480
Total expenditures	-	53,643	391,795	2,859,773	1,214,566		51,403	442,602	152,941	379,480
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	19,964	7,422	(25,327)	390,749	(71,055)	-	-	100,340	47,517	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(30,504)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10,540)	7,422	(25,327)	390,749	(71,055)	-	-	100,340	47,517	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	10,540	26,459	348,938	237,984	(13,229)	140	(25)	53,299	394,149	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$\$	33,881 \$	323,611	\$ 628,733	\$ (84,284)	\$ 140 \$	(25) \$	153,639 \$	441,666 \$	

(Continued on next page)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Special Revenue

	Park and Recreation	Special Programs	Counseling Center	Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission	Animal Control	Foote	Sewer Utility Fund	FEMA Fund	<u>Total</u>
Revenues: Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services Investment income Other	\$ \$303,734 646 51,922	483,853 6,544 40 171,378	\$ 155 48,275	\$ 1,252 1,556 35,552	\$ 66 10,977	\$ 55,344 27,615 102 5,946	15,140	\$ 2,608,772 \$ 117,399 445,282 198 1,052	490,885 61,125	5 2,627,271 5,786,465 1,411,111 3,497 402,829
Sale of food Total revenues	356,302	661,815	48,430	38,360	11,043	89,007	15,140	3,172,703	552,010	729,450 10,960,623
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Capital outlay	307,001	13,152 193,407 100,163 23,250 240,006	67,065	36,868	4,818	215,101	13,040	2,480,041	808,133	13,152 408,508 3,541,278 367,119 713,698 4,584,220 420,273
Total expenditures	307,001	569,978	67,065	36,868	4,818	215,101	13,040	2,480,041	808,133	10,048,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	49,301	91,837	(18,635)	1,492	6,225	(126,094)	2,100	692,662	(256,123)	912,375
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		75,000				137,346 (64,757)		600,000 (843,760)	280,000	1,092,346 (939,021)
Net Change in Fund Balances	49,301	166,837	(18,635)	1,492	6,225	(53,505)	2,100	448,902	23,877	1,065,700
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	341,888	752,093	101,356	106,873	445,184	148,159	3,312	3,374,372	107,331	6,438,823
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 391,189 \$	918,930	\$ 82,721	\$ 108,365	\$ 451,409	\$ 94,654 \$	5,412	\$ 3,823,274 \$	131,208	7,504,523

(Continued on next page)

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Total Nonmajor

(939,021)

1,078,538

6,684,573

7,763,111

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Permanent Fund

8

5,160

5,168

(442)

37,628

37,186 \$

99

62,024 \$

61,925

12,838

245,750

258,588

Gustaf

Caspar Block

Special

	_	Damascus Cemetery	Leshine Scholarship	Caspar Block Scholarship	Nelson Memorial	Recreation Grant	Total	Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Assessment income	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ 2,627,271
Intergovernmental revenues							-	5,786,465
Sales and services							-	1,411,111
Investment income		18,440	7	8	58	99	18,612	22,109
Other							-	402,829
Sale of food								729,450
Total revenues	_	18,440	7	8	58	99	18,612	10,979,235
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government							-	13,152
Public safety							-	408,508
Public works and highway							-	3,541,278
Parks, recreation and libraries							-	367,119
Health and human services		5,149					5,149	718,847
Education			125		500		625	4,584,845
Capital outlay	_							420,273
Total expenditures	_	5,149	125		500	-	5,774	10,054,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		13,291	(118)	8	(442)	99	12,838	925,213
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in							-	1,092,346

(118)

4,928

4,810 \$

13,291

136,109

149,400 \$

61

Transfers out

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances at End of Year

Fund Balances at Beginning of Year

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Medical Fund	_	Workers' Compensation Revenues	Heart and Hypertension Fund	_	Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,150,592	\$	2,184,709	\$ 960,647	\$	11,295,948
Accounts receivable	_	500,545	_	260		_	500,805
Total assets	_	8,651,137	-	2,184,969	960,647	_	11,796,753
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		151,759		1,377			153,136
Claims incurred not reported		775,946		1,080,910	1,359,439		3,216,295
Total liabilities	_	927,705	-	1,082,287	1,359,439	_	3,369,431
Net Position:							
Unrestricted	\$_	7,723,432	\$	1,102,682	\$ (398,792)	\$	8,427,322

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Medical Fund	Workers' Compensation Revenues	Heart and Hypertension Fund	_	Total
Operating Revenues:						
Contributions for benefits	\$	11,671,695	\$ 1,049,547	\$ 605,000	\$	13,326,242
Others		298,171	40,125			338,296
Total operating revenues		11,969,866	1,089,672	605,000		13,664,538
Operating Expenses:		0.057.512	1 220 050	264.027		10 (52 100
Benefit claims		9,057,512	1,330,850	264,837		10,653,199
Claims administration		1,452,939	60,953	264.927	_	1,513,892
Total operating expenses	_	10,510,451	1,391,803	264,837	_	12,167,091
Operating Income (Loss)		1,459,415	(302,131)	340,163		1,497,447
Nonoperating Income - Interest Income		1,543	1,567	347		3,457
Trenche mine morne		1,0.0	1,007		_	2,.27
Change in Net Position		1,460,958	(300,564)	340,510		1,500,904
Net Position at Beginning of Year		6,262,474	1,403,246	(739,302)		6,926,418
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	7,723,432	\$ 1,102,682	\$ (398,792)	\$_	8,427,322

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-	Medical Fund	_	Workers' Compensation Fund	•	Heart and Hypertension Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received for benefits Cash paid for benefits and administration Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	11,657,667 (10,395,740) 1,261,927	\$	1,089,412 (1,065,457) 23,955	\$	605,000 (124,407) 480,593	\$	13,352,079 (11,585,604) 1,766,475
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income	-	1,543	_	1,567		347	-	3,457
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,263,470		25,522		480,940		1,769,932
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	6,887,122	_	2,159,187		479,707	-	9,526,016
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	8,150,592	\$	2,184,709	\$	960,647	\$	11,295,948
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in balance sheet accounts: Increase in receivables	\$	1,459,415	\$	(302,131)	\$	340,163	\$	1,497,447
Increase in payables	-	114,711	-	326,346		140,430	-	581,487
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,261,927	\$	23,955	\$	480,593	\$	1,766,475

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance July 1, 2012	 Additions	•	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013
Branford Conservation Commission					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,592	\$ 3	\$	-	\$ 1,595
Liabilities:					
Due to students, employees and					
other groups	\$ 1,592	\$ 3	\$	-	\$ 1,595
Shellfish Commission					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,347	\$ 39,851	\$	11,848	\$ 195,350
Liabilities:					
Due to students, employees and					
other groups	\$ 167,347	\$ 39,851	\$	11,848	\$ 195,350
Academy-On-The-Green					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,500	\$ 121	\$	225	\$ 37,396
Liabilities:					
Due to students, employees and					
other groups	\$ 37,500	\$ 121	\$	225	\$ 37,396

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2012	-	Additions	Deductions	 Balance June 30, 2013	
Volunteer Firemen's Pension Fund							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,512	\$		\$	15,753	\$ 759
Investments	_	347,423	_	93,638	-	17,909	 423,152
Total Assets	\$_	363,935	\$_	93,638	\$	33,662	\$ 423,911
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and							
other groups	\$_	363,935	\$_	93,638	\$	33,662	\$ 423,911
Branford Medical Transit							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	32,811	\$_	14,250	\$	8,750	\$ 38,311
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and							
other groups	\$	32,811	\$_	14,250	\$	8,750	\$ 38,311

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance July 1, 2012			Additions	_	Deductions	 Balance June 30, 2013
Commission on Services For the Elderly							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	90,121	\$ ₌	99,085	\$_	84,022	\$ 105,184
Liabilities: Due to students, employees and other groups	\$_	90,121	\$ ₌	99,085	\$ _	84,022	\$ 105,184
Student Activity Funds							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	643,939 165,609	\$	2,084,138	\$_	1,932,726 165,609	\$ 795,351
Total Assets	\$_	809,548	\$_	2,084,138	\$_	2,098,335	\$ 795,351
Liabilities: Due to students, employees and other groups	\$	809,548	\$_	2,084,138	\$_	2,098,335	\$ 795,351

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Balance					Balance
	_	July 1, 2012	_	Additions	_	Deductions	 June 30, 2013
Developer Bond Funds							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	521,665	\$_	23,999	\$	34,415	\$ 511,249
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$_	521,665	\$_	23,999	\$_	34,415	\$ 511,249
Total All Funds							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$_	1,511,487 513,032	\$	2,261,447 93,638	\$_	2,087,739 183,518	\$ 1,685,195 423,152
Total Assets	\$_	2,024,519	\$_	2,355,085	\$	2,271,257	\$ 2,108,347
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$_	2,024,519	\$_	2,355,085	\$_	2,271,257	\$ 2,108,347
Total Liabilities	\$_	2,024,519	\$_	2,355,085	\$	2,271,257	\$ 2,108,347

STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2013

In Thousands

Total tax collections (included Treasurer for the year end Total tax collections (included (estimated)) Reimbursement for revenued Elderly tax relief	\$	87,518 1,464 10							
Base								- \$	88,992
Dase								D =	88,992
		General Purpose		Schools	Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation: 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base	\$	200,233	\$	\$ 400,465		\$		\$	
3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base 3 times base				400,403	333,721		289,225		266,977
Total debt limitation	-	200,233		400,465	333,721	· -	289,225		266,977
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Bonds authorized and		25,789		4,993	18,408				
unissued		2,975		3,251					
School building grants receivables Total indebtedness	-	28,764	· -	(1,119) 7,125	18,408	· -	-	- - <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$_	171,469	\$_	393,340 \$	315,313	\$ <u>_</u>	289,225	\$_	266,977

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation: \$622,946.